THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-night and Friday, light to fresh northerly to easterly winds.

High water: 5:34 a. m., 6:15 p. m.

HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

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NIGHT EDITION

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FLORODORA GIRL'S NEMESIS TELLS STORY OF HER LIFE

RUMOR JAP SHIPS SUNK IN BATTLE

Unconfirmed Reports of Sea Fight Cause Slump in the Markets of Europe.

BULLETINS.

LONDON, April 27.—The markets are weak on the reported cutting of the Hainan cable and unconfirmed rumors of a great naval battle, in which several of the Japanese war vessels are said to have been lost.

Heavy selling of international securities by Paris has forced the prices of these securities down sharply.

Japanese securities are off ¼ to ¾ per cent.

PARIS, April 27.—Rentes have declined forty centimes from last night to ninety-eight francs, seventy centimes on the reported naval battle.

TWO RUSSIAN SQUADRONS ARE UNITED AT HAINAN

TSINGTAU, Shantung Peninsula, April 27.—A private telegram received here says that Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet has joined with the third Baltic squadron under Admiral Nebogatoff.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 27.—Semi-official statements here place Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet in the Gulf of Tonquin, off the island of Hainan, awaiting the arrival of Nebogatoff's division.

KAMRANH BAY, April 27.—Several Russian warships, possibly Nebogatoff's squadron, have been reported cruising off Kamranh Bay. Four Russian cruisers and a torpedo boat are coasting inside the bay.

TOKIO, April 27.—Japan learns officially that Rojestvensky has cut the cable from the island of Hainan, where his fleet is reported, to the mainland. Japan has declared martial law in Formosa, the Japanese naval base.

LONDON, April 27.—Reports received here that the third Baltic squadron, under Nebogatoff, has effected a juncture with the main Russian fleet, under Rojestvensky, while not accepted as absolutely reliable, are not wholly discredited. It is known that this has been the purpose of Rojestvensky's manoeuvring in the Chi-

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MRS. FANNIE SHAPIRO.

NAN PATTERSON FACES HER DEADLIEST FOE

No Defence Is Needed for Nan Patterson, Says Counsel Levy

BY ABRAHAM LEVY

Chief Counsel for Nan Patterson, now on trial for the murder of "Caesar" Young.

Nan Patterson needs no defence, and we will go to the jury on the case as made by the State when Assistant District Attorney Rand closes the testimony. This may be to-day; therefore the case may go to the jury late this afternoon or to-morrow.—STATEMENT BY MR. LEVY TO THE BOSTON AMERICAN.

John Millin, Partner of "Caesar" Young, and Implacable Enemy of Nan Patterson, on Witness Stand—Mrs. Young to Give Her Evidence Later.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, April 27.—With blanched face and hands tightly clenched, Nan Patterson, the pretty "Florodora" girl on trial for her life on the charge of murdering "Caesar" Young June 4 last, to-day heard the whole black story of her relations with the bookmaker as told on the stand by his partner, John D. Millin. Later to-day she will have to face the widow of "Caesar" Young.

It was because of Millin's denunciation of Nan Patterson that she was arrested. He has been her Nemesis for years. He attempted time after time to break off the relations existing between Young and the girl, tried to induce Young to remain loyal to that woman whom Nan is to face to-day.

MILLIN TELLS STORY.

To-day Millin told without reserve the story of the life of Young and Nan Patterson in the West, gradually leading up to the day of Young's death in the cab. He told in detail the events which immediately preceded this death. He reflected in the blazing eyes he occasionally turned upon Nan Patterson the intense dislike, even hatred, he has for her.

For a time Nan Patterson met his gaze unflinchingly, then as the most secret acts of her life were revealed she flushed from time to time, then remained still, perfectly white and listening. She hates Millin more than any person in the world.

There seemed to-day a possibility that the prosecution would rest immediately after Mrs. Young finishes her story on the stand. Counsel Levy, for the girl, had previously said that he would make no defence because of the weakness of the State. Since the discovery by the AMERICAN, however, of Mrs. Fannie Shapiro, who tells a story of having seen Young commit suicide in the cab and of Nan Patterson having wrested with him to take the revolver away, it is possible that her story may be told on the stand.

NAN CHEERFUL TO-DAY.

When she came into court to-day the accused girl was smiling cheerfully. She was again clad in black, but still wore a new Spring hat with its white lining of packing. Nan smiled and nodded at her father and took a seat. The crowd watched her as she put up her black gloved hand to arrange her glistening hair.

Rain outside and the efforts of the police authorities held the crowd in check. Women with bedraggled feathers and silk skirts crowded up the stairways, but could get no further. Men who attempted to get by the skirmish line were speedily ejected. But with all these precautions all the available space in the room was filled when Recorder Goff came in, with his trailing robes.

Millin on the Stand.

John R. Millin, the dead bookmaker's partner, was called to the stand. Millin is a little, peppery man, browned from outdoor life, well-knit and wiry. It was he who denounced Nan Patterson as the slayer of Young and started to attack her. She dislikes Millin more than anyone else in the world. To-day there was a shadow of a frown on her white forehead as she listened to his testimony.

Q.—What is your occupation? A.—I am a horseman.

Q.—You are a relative of the late "Caesar" Young? A.—I was his partner in a horse racing firm.

Q.—Describe Young. How much did he weigh? A.—I should think about one hundred and fifty-two pounds.

Q.—How tall was he? A.—About my height, probably not quite as tall.

Q.—How tall are—stand up? A.—I am five feet seven; he was five feet six inches.

SAW HER IN LOS ANGELES.

Q.—Do you know this defendant? A.—Yes.

Q.—Where did you first see her? A.—In Los Angeles, two years ago.

Q.—When you saw her there was Caesar Young there? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Was there racing going on? A.—Yes.

Q.—Under what circumstances did you meet her? A.—I was called around to a cafe by "Caesar" Young.

Q.—What was said when you, Young and Nan Patterson met? A.—I was introduced to her. Young introduced her as Nan Randolph.

Q.—Were they much together during that race meeting? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you see them occupying one room at night? A.—Yes.

Q.—After the Los Angeles meeting, where did Young go? A.—To the meeting at Oakland.

Q.—Was Young there during the entire race meeting? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was the defendant with him? A.—She was.

Q.—Where else were they? A.—In San Francisco, in Oakland and in Seattle.

Q.—Was Miss Patterson in a hospital in Oakland?

Question Ruled Out.

"I object," cried Levy. The objection was sustained.

Q.—Did you ever seen Young and the defendant in a hospital in April, 1903? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Where did you see the defendant and Young in the Fall of 1903, at Los Angeles? A.—At the Hotel Del Monte.

Q.—Where did Young go? A.—He returned to San Francisco.

Q.—When did you next see Young? A.—In a Turkish bath in Los Angeles in March, 1904.

Q.—Was Nan Patterson with him? A.—She was.

Q.—Did you have a conversation with them. A.—Yes. Young told her that she would have to go away. She was not willing to go. She said, "I suppose I'll have to

Continued on 3d Page, 2d Column.

STANDARD OIL UNDER FIRE OF DR. GLADDEN

FULL TEXT OF HIS BROADSIDE AGAINST ROCKEFELLER'S GIFT OF $100,000.

Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, the foremost Congregational clergyman in the United States, who came to Boston from Columbus, Ohio, to confer with the clergymen who made the protest against the acceptance of $100,000 from John D. Rockefeller by the American Board of Foreign Missions, and to give his assistance in the continuance of the fight that is to be waged against "tainted" money, to-day issued a broadside statement of the situation.

Dr. Gladden declares that this country faces a serious crisis in the battle between corporate greed and industrial freedom. Of the powers that have led the nation into this peril, Dr. Gladden says none is more potent or more ruthless than the Standard Oil Company, which it is proposed to take into partnership in the missionary work of the church.

"This is an impossible suggestion," declared the clergyman. "A failure to do our duty here will be one of the costliest blunders the church has ever made."

The statement of Dr. Gladden follows in full:

"With matters of fact the Prudential Committee and its defenders deal no more satisfactorily than with matters of principle. Referring to the reason given by the protestants why this gift should be refused, the committee says that it does not feel warranted in passing judgment upon 'questions which have never been settled, either before the courts or at the bar of public opinion.' This must mean that neither the courts nor public opinion have furnished any adequate reasons for believing that the fortune out of which this donation comes has been flagitiously acquired.

"It is true that certain accusations against this company are now being instituted by the officers of the United States Government, and that legal or legislative proceedings of one sort or another against the company are now pending in thirteen or fourteen States, and it is true that these questions have not been settled. But it is not true that no charges against this company have been proved in court. More than once the courts of the United States and of the State have rendered judgment against it, setting the seal of their condemnation upon its offences. The facts concerning these court proceedings have been spread before the bar of public opinion. This must mean people in newspaper reports; they have been discussed in magazines and in public addresses; the common people, as a rule, are very well informed concerning them.

Charges Are True.

"Much of the popular knowledge of the operations of this company comes from two sources: Mr. Henry D. Lloyd's 'Wealth vs. Commonwealth' and Miss Ida M. Tarbell's 'History of the Standard Oil Company,' and those who argue that nothing has been proved against the Standard Oil Company are wont to disparage these books as reckless in their method or partisan in their temper. Most of those who thus judge them have never read them. Those who have read them know that all their important statements are based on official documents, on testimony given before legislative and congressional committees, on copies of contracts and other business instruments, and on the records of courts.

"In all these cases the authorities are cited. Every man who can read the English language can verify them. About one third of Mr. Tarbell's solid volumes is made up of such documentary evidence. To represent either of these books as the careless or slanderous assaults of ignorant persons is less than just. Neither of these writers is capable of such injustice. Each has been borne with a deep sense of social responsibility.

"Mr. Lloyd's volume exhibits more feeling; it is the testimony of a knightly soul afame against oppression. But none who knew this man, who spent his life in the service of humanity, can hold it down as a sacrifice in a great battle against wrong, need to be told that in all his passionate devotion to the highest ideals, he could never have wantonly slandered any man. Miss Tarbell's style is more restrained. From beginning to end it has the impression of being a dispassionate exposition. The evidence is fairly weighed, the investigation is judicial.

No Action Against Writers.

"The conclusive proof that these revelations are true is found in the fact that no action has been brought against either of these writers. The statements made by both of them respecting the methods and operations of this company are damaging. It is incredible that these facts would have rested under such charges if the charges could have been disproved. Mr. Lloyd was not an irresponsible person; he was a man of wealth and position. Miss Tarbell spread her indictment before the

Continued on 5th Page, 1st Column.

$10,000,000 CARNEGIE TO AID TEACHERS

Ironmaster Establishes Great Fund to Provide Pensions in America and Canada.

FOR THE AGED OR INFIRM

NEW YORK, April 27.—Announcement was made to-day of another generous gift by Andrew Carnegie. It is a fund of $10,000,000 to provide for "Retiring pensions for the teachers of universities, colleges and technical schools in our country and Canada and Newfoundland."

Mr. Carnegie's aim is to insure faithful teachers a competence after they have reached the age limit, to assist others who have been forced to retire earlier in life on account of physical disability, and to raise the standard of teaching institutions where younger professors would be substituted for those who had outlived their usefulness in the trustees' able to continue their salaries.

Everything is in readiness for the successful inauguration of the scheme.

A commission of experts, including all the chief educators of the country, have been made.

SAILOR LOST ON 80-DAY VOYAGE

The bark Mabel T. Meyers, Captain Meyers, reached port with her flag at half-mast after a passage of eighty days from Rosario. Strong winds and high head seas were encountered from the time the vessel left the South American port until she reached Cape Hatteras, and several times the ship was driven miles out of her course by the terrific gales. One of the sailors was washed overboard and lost.

LYNN IS AROUSED BY POLICE DISCLOSURES

PEOPLE, STIRRED BY GAMBLING REPORTS, WILL INSIST UPON CHANGE IN METHODS.

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, April 27.—As a result of the disclosures made by Chief of Police Burckes in this city, when he declared that he was unable to cope with the gambling situation, and that he could not prevent his special officers from writing policy slips in the station houses, an effort will be made to have the force so increased that the citizens of Lynn will be afforded that protection to which they declare they are entitled.

The sensational developments before the last meeting of the City Council, when the Chief of Police was asked to make explanations of the situation, have aroused the citizens of this manufacturing centre to a high pitch of excitement.

"What are you going to do to relieve the situation?" the Chief was asked by a reporter of the BOSTON AMERICAN.

"I'm going to let the authorities higher up do the talking. I've said all that I'm going to."

Puts It Up to the Chief.

The same question was put to Frank E. Wells, president of the Board of Aldermen and a member of the police committee.

"The Chief should be able to handle the gambling in Lynn," was his reply. "Further than that he will be expected to do so."

In reply to a question at the Council meeting Chief of Police Burckes said:

"On account of the small police force, special officers have been pressed into service, especially on Saturdays and Sundays. These special policemen when ordered to duty by me are paid out of the city appropriation, but in a great many cases the men **are paid by landlords and managers of entertainments who require the services of the police in keeping order.**"

"Have you ever requested of the committee an increase in your force," asked the Councilman.

"Yes sir, I have."

"Do you know, Mr. Burckes, that some of your special policemen write policy slips in the station house?"

"Yes, sir, and if I did know it I should ask that they be removed from the department."

"You would not be able to remove them yourself?"

"No, sir, I could merely recommend their dismissal."

It is a fact that you have been more active toward stamping out vice in the last two weeks than before?"

Has Made Three Raids.

"Yes, sir, I have."

"And has not this been the result of certain information which has come to you?"

"Yes, sir, it has."

"Are you not able to stop the writing of policy slips?"

"No, sir, I do not believe that I am able."

Chief of Police Burckes has within the last two weeks made three raids.

The city fathers who came more prominently under the fine light as a result of the Council meeting are Edward E. Cann, the acknowledged leader of the Republican majority in the City Council; Michael P. Ward, the spokesman for the authority and the author of the order that finally brought Chief Burckes before the Council; J. John Hooper, an independent Councilman from Ward 2, who charged the administration with having made a

Continued on 9th Page, 1st Column.

JAP SHIPS RUMORED SUNK IN GREAT BATTLE; SLUMPS IN MONEY CENTRES

HEAVY SELLING UPSETS PARIS STOCK MARKET

Unconfirmed Reports That Naval Combat Has Already Occurred.

JAP SECURITIES WEAKEN

Continued from First Page.

nese Sea, and if the juncture has not come yet it is at least expected.

IN GULF OF TONQUIN.

St. Petersburg reports semi-officially that the main fleet is now and has been for several days in the Gulf of Tonquin, off the island of Hainan, which, it is now believed, Russia has seized as a base, despite protests which have been made by China, which owns the island. The mere exiting of the cable, reported, which has held communication between Hainan and the mainland was in itself a clue to the whereabouts of the Russian fleet.

This cable cutting, it is stated, is to enable Rojestvensky to conceal the movements of his vessels from the island. If the juncture as reported has been effected, it has probably been off Hainan, and even St. Petersburg may receive the first information of it for some time to come. By that time the fleet may have begun the manoeuvering which will end with the battle with the Japanese fleet under Togo.

Naval experts here do not see how the great sea battle between the two fleets can be much longer delayed. Generally it is believed that Togo is waiting in the Straits of Formosa for the approach of the Russian fleet, guarding the channel between Formosa and the Island of Luzon with a fleet of fast cruisers. Any decided move, therefore, by the Russian fleet would precipitate an action.

JAPS OUTNUMBERED.

Off Hainan the Russian fleet has thoroughly prepared itself for battle. It may be that it will remain in the Gulf of Tonquin for some days trying to force an attack by Togo. There the fleet does not infringe on the neutrality of any country, and at the same time is less liable to a Japanese surprise, either with a large attack or with torpedo boats.

At St. Petersburg officials are jubilant over the reported arrival of Nebogatoff's fleet at Tonquin. Russia, they say, is now now only victory because the Russian naval commander-in-chief will have a fourteen dreadnaught of nine armored ships to Togo's twelve, and fifty more powerful and eighty less heavy guns.

Reports from Kamranh Bay that several Russian warships have been reported cruising outside are taken to mean that either these are the ships of Nebogatoff, reported in passing north, or else are ships of the fourteen which Rojestvensky left at Kamranh. The fact that four colliers and a torpedo boat are coasting inside the bay may again invite the charge from Japan because of the violation of neutrality which appears.

GREAT CONFLICT NEAR.

Japan's act in proclaiming martial law in Formosa, a Japanese island, is taken to mean that the great conflict is near. Sometime since Japan closed two ports of the island to outside vessels, one at the northern end and another at the southern end. Now with the entire island under martial law it seems that Japan is expecting a battle momentarily.

Cruisers of the Japanese navy doing duty as scouts, are still reported frequently in the north of the Chinese Sea. Civilists it is that Togo has taken no chance of losing track of the Russian fleet, and now he is aware of the movement of every part of the fleet, and of the movements of Nebogatoff's fleet, according to Tokio.

TRANSPORTS FORM REAR ARC AROUND BAY OF KAMRANH

SAIGON, Cochin-China, April 27. All of the Russian transports and the hospital ship Orel, which were left behind when Admiral Rojestvensky's main squadron left Kamranh Bay, left the inner harbor today. The vessels now form an immense arc outside the harbor extending from Cape Varella to the head of the Kamranh peninsula.

Torpedo boats are kept busy steaming in all directions. Apparently the squadron is waiting for Admiral Rojestvensky. The French cruiser Desaix is steamed around the Russian fleet, and has returned to this port. Only four steam ships are missing in the inner bay.

The vessels captured by the Russians bearing cargoes, as charged, for Japan, were flying the ensign of Russia.

BILLION DOLLAR LOSS TO RUSSIA IN DEPRECIATION

ST. PETERSBURG, April 27.—Experts have calculated the financial loss sustained by Russia owing to the success of Japan in depreciation of State funds, bank shares and railway securities at $1,000,000,000. This loss will increase as the war continues, the experts declare, as long as the war continues.

TOKIO REPORTS A REPULSE OF THE RUSSIANS

LONDON, April 27.—Operations in the field between the Russians and Japanese are now becoming more serious. In Tokio this announcement has been made:

"On April 24 a Russian force, consisting of five battalions of infantry, sixteen squadrons of cavalry and one battery of artillery, in pressing our advanced cavalry, attacked them in the vicinity of Chiangyan. Our Kaiyuan force attacked the Russians in return. Defeated, the enemy fled northward to Mienhuchieh. The enemy left about ten hundred dead on the field.

"Two other Russian forces, one consisting of six battalions of infantry, eight and two sotnias of cavalry, the other of twelve sotnias of cavalry and one battery of artillery, attacked Changtu and Sinpatien, respectively, but fortunately for our arms the other Russian force was defeated at Kaiyuan.

General Linevitch has reported to St. Petersburg as follows:

"Our advance posts April 22 forced the enemy successively to evacuate the fortified villages of Menchengpen and Nengan-pusseng. The Japanese have taken a defensive position about three miles south of Nengan-pusseng, but our artillery fire and the appearance of our detachment on their left flank induced them to withdraw still farther toward Kayancheng after burning their provision depot.

"Our troops April 23 compelled the enemy to retire to Kayancheng. The same day Russian advance guards pursuing the enemy approached Chanchu, about fifty miles above The Pass, which is strongly fortified and occupied by the Japanese.

"Our artillery opened fire on the east side of the town, but when it became apparent that the place was strongly held our troops retired. Our cavalry destroyed the telegraph line between Kayancheng and Changtu."

JAP NAVAL CHIEF AND FLAGSHIP; WAR MAP AND DIAGRAMS.

Cross Shows Where Battle May Have Occurred.

The map illustrates the present supposed position of the hostile fleets in Eastern waters and the diagrams the relative strength of Russians and Japanese in speed, numbers and marksmanship.

ALEXANDER IS SHORN OF POWER

President of Equitable Life Loses Right to Pass on Expense Vouchers.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, April 27.—James W. Alexander has been deprived of his most important function as president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. Within the week the board of directors has taken from him the right to pass upon vouchers for the payment of money for unusual expense, and has invested this power in the executive committee, which consists of Henry C. Frick, Alvin W. Krech, Henry C. Deming, Valentine P. Snyder, Thomas D. Jordan, James H. Hyde, James W. Alexander, Gage E. Tarbell, William H. McIntyre, George T. Wilson, Chauncey M. Depew and William A. Wheelock.

The reason for this action is said to date back to the time when Mr. Alexander gave his sanction to a bill presented by Gage E. Tarbell for $135,000 in satisfaction of his renewal account, while he was in Calcutta.

Back of it, too, it is declared, is the assumption that Mr. Alexander might sponsor the bill for the entertainment of the general agents who met a week ago at the Savoy Hotel in this city. This bill, if presented for payment by Mr. Alexander, it is understood, the committee does not feel that such an expenditure should be borne by the policyholders.

In connection with the report that the board of directors is to take official cognizance against Vice President Tarbell in relation to the Calcutta bill stands against him in Cattaraugus County and that he will be asked to explain his acts in flouting certain ruling concerns.

SAVAGES CAPTURE FOUR MISSIONARIES

Special Cable to Boston American.

PEKIN, April 27.—Four French missionaries have been captured by savage tribes in the vicinity of Batang, which is situated near the frontier of Szechuan and Thibet.

The Chinese Assistant Amban was murdered while trying to effect their rescue and it is reported that the missionaries have also been put to death.

The Chinese government refuses peremptorily to negotiate for this part of the country, as it is not under effective control.

TWO NURSES WED PATIENTS

Double Romance Brought to Happy Conclusion at Brookline.

Two romances which began at the side of a sick bed have been brought to a happy conclusion in a double marriage at Brookline when the grooms, two Englishmen, and the brides, who had nursed them back to health, were married at the home of a Brookline clergyman.

The grooms were Mr. Joseph Peel, a western capitalist, and J. T. Matthews, a resident of Canada. The brides are two capable nurses who met their respective husbands when nursing them back to health. Miss Alice Orr and Miss Anna Donahoe.

The two girls met last Fall at the residence of Leonard F. Cutter, a young millionaire living at No. 138 Harvard street, Brookline, and Mrs. Peel is stated for instance they told each other of the loves that had come into their lives, and resolved to be married at the same time.

They chose last evening for the time, and in the presence of only the members of the bridegroom's family, were united. Mr. and Mrs. Peel left at once for the West, where Mr. Peel has extensive business interests, and Mr. and Mrs. Matthews took the Montreal express for their future home in the North. Mrs. Matthews is a striking brunette, and Mrs. Peel is noted for her beauty and attractiveness among those whom she has met during her residence in Brookline.

LYNN POLICE ARREST MAN ON SUSPICION

Lynn police have arrested Frank M. Murray of Stewart street, Lynn, at the request of Boston police, on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of the Concord station of the Boston & Maine railroad on Friday night. It is alleged he is a member of the famous Hayden-Burgoyne-Murray-Murray gang of safe blowers. Murray is now in the tombs. He claims he can prove an alibi.

WILL GIVE BENEFIT FOR N. E. REST HOME

A theatrical entertainment for the benefit of the New England Convalescent Rest Home, Boston's newest philanthropic institution, will be given at the Boston Theatre Thursday, May 6. Some of the best-known people on the stage, including Nance O'Neil, are to take part.

JEFFERSON'S BODY IN BOSTON

Reaches South Station, With Party of Actor's Relatives in Flagler's Car.

The body of Joseph Jefferson, accompanied by several members of his family, arrived at the South Terminal early to-day on the midnight train from New York.

The Jefferson party journeyed from Florida in Henry M. Flagler's private car. In the party were Charles B. Jefferson, Mrs. Joseph Jefferson, Frank Jefferson, Marion Jefferson, a daughter of Joseph Jefferson, Jr.; Mrs. Ellen Burgess, a lifelong friend of Mrs. Joseph Jefferson; Carl Kettler, Mr. Jefferson's secretary, and several others. Mrs. Joseph Jefferson was joined by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jefferson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. William W. Jefferson, Mr. and Mrs. Glen McDonough, the latter a daughter of C. B. Jefferson, and Jasper A. Salter, private secretary to Henry M. Flagler, and the entire party then journeyed to Boston.

The body of the dead actor was in a casket enclosed in a polished oak box. On the box was a wreath and a bunch of southern flowers. Undertaker Waterman took the body in charge when it reached here. It will rest in Forest Hills Cemetery until Saturday, when it will be taken to Buzzards Bay, where the funeral will take place Sunday. The Jefferson party left on the afternoon train for Buzzards Bay.

TO AID A. O. H. FUNDS.

Military Division No. 37, Ancient Order of Hibernians, will give a concert at Monument Lower Hall, Charlestown, next Monday evening. The proceeds of the entertainment are to be used for caring for the uniforms of the Charlestown division of the order.

NEWSDEALERS HONOR DOWNEY AT A BANQUET

Circulation Manager Given an Ovation on Eve of Departure on Foreign Tour.

Thomas Downey, circulation manager of the Boston Globe, was given a banquet at Young's Hotel last evening by other Boston circulation managers and many newsdealers on the eve of his departure for Europe. Mr. Downey sails to-day to regain the fund of his birth and other countries abroad.

Among those present were men connected with the distribution of newspapers in many New England cities. Daniel Maloney of the Post was toastmaster. Other speakers were P. F. Dyer, Arlington; John O. Shaw, Bath; Waldo Ledwidge of the Boston Herald; P. A. Bauer, Lynn; Mr. Mahoney, Walnut Hill; Thomas Powers, Boston Herald; George C. Peters, Lowell, and C. C. Holmes, Brockton.

The following newsdealers attended: Michael Mee of Pawtucket, R. I.; C. Dadmun of Brockton, James M. Bowers of the North Station newsstand, J. A. Easton of Worcester, George L. Prince of Lowell, F. A. Salisbury of Providence, A. W. Rooney of Winchester, Fred Clapp of Brighton, A. W. Rice of Stoneham, W. B. Paine of Brookline, W. F. Woodbury of Newton Centre, Brunschedi Martins of Atlantic, Michael J. Mahoney of East Boston, Frank H. Peak of Medford, G. F. Harrington of Quincy, Mass., Edward A. Davis of Dedham, Charles H. Stearns of Mansfield, Leslie McLaughlin of Watertown, R. J. Coughlin of Maynard, G. C. Barnicoat, Jr., of Natick, Mass., Owen J. Williams, I. B. Harrington of Newton, and J. Blaney of the Boston Herald. L. A. Winship of Lewiston, Me., George A. Winship of Taunton, Joseph J. Holmes of Newburyport, James Cavanaugh of Boston, N. H. Flynn of Woonsocket, R. I., and Frank A. Cooper of Hillsboro, N. H. Herbert C. Merrill of North Attleboro, E. J. Maloney of Providence, Thomas Donovan of Providence, James H. Shorrock of Providence, R. I., James H. Shorrock, Jr., of Providence, John H. Reilly of Providence, Walter J. Douglas of Lawrence, Mass., Frank Andrews of Lowell, one of Lowell's oldest dealers, Mayo of Hyde Park, E. F. Hamblin of Quincy, Henry Mahoney of Woonsocket, Alvin Bennett of Newton, E. M. Whitney of Worcester, W. C. Gotson of Concord, N. H., John O. Cooper of Milford, N. H., Alfred Merrill of Bangor, Me., Fred L. Beaulac of Canton, Mass., Newhall of Salem, James S. Bauer of Lynn, L. T. Mead of Manchester, N. H., and Peterson of Portland. William F. Howe of Haverhill, Mass., Martin of Lynn, J. J. Lacy of South Framingham, R. J. Casey of Bridgewater, J. F. Goldsmith of Salem, Harry J. Sime of Revere, A. A. Blanchard of Malden, Frank M. Mumford of Lynn, and John F. Murphy of Boston, W. P. Clarke of Newport, R. I.

ENTERTAINS TWO JUDGES.

Judge and Mrs. Charles M. Bruce entertained at dinner in their home at No. 155 Hawthorne street, Malden, last evening Judge Gordon of the California and Washington Circuit and Justice Fort of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, who are to speak at the Middlesex Club banquet in this city to-night.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BACON KILLED HIS RIVAL IN JEALOUS RAGE

Confesses He Was Angered by Young's Attentions to Mrs. Lorenzo Ashe.

IS HELD WITHOUT BAIL

Special to the Boston American.

WHITEFIELD, N. H., April 27.—Pinson Bacon, the confessed murderer of the farm hand, John Young, admits that he was jealous of Young because of his attentions to Mrs. Ashe, and for that reason killed him. He declares that he would have killed him had he been sober.

This admission of Bacon's has aroused almost as much excitement as the murder did. The people of Coos County know Mrs. Nellie Ashe, wife of Lorenzo Ashe, the woman because of whom the murder was committed, and have always esteemed her highly. She is indignant at the statements of Bacon and declares that there has been no grounds for jealousy on the part of either man. She is a comely woman of twenty-eight, of medium height, with fresh complexion, hazel eyes and a wealth of auburn hair. Young, the murdered man, was only nineteen years old, and Bacon is but a little older.

To a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter Mrs. Ashe said:

Knew Them A. Friends.

"I know of no reason why Bacon or Young should say I had shown any partiality to either of them, and I cannot understand why people should connect my name with either of the men. They were like boys both out of their teens. I knew them both and always treated them with respect, merely as friends meeting me on the street. I cannot understand why they should have quarrelled about me, and I do not believe they did.

"It is not fair to mention my name in the way it has been in connection with this murder. There was nothing in my relations with Bacon and Young that was not perfectly honorable."

Mrs. Ashe Is Composed.

When Mrs. Ashe appeared in the Town Hall during the preliminary hearing she was attired in a becoming suit of black satin, with black picture hat and white shirt waist. She was entirely composed and watched the proceedings with evident interest. Her eyes did not meet the gaze of Pinmore Bacon, as the two studiously avoided looking towards each other.

Bacon and William Mann were held without bail for the September term of the Superior Court at Colebrook. Bacon for the murder and Mann as an accessory before the fact. They are in the charge of Sheriff Drew at the County Jail.

No steps have been taken to secure counsel for Bacon, and it is said it is probable that the county will have to furnish the lawyers for the defence.

SIGNS REQUISITION PAPERS FOR SCOLLANS

Governor Douglas to-day signed requisition papers for Thomas J. Scollans, who was arrested in New York Saturday by Inspector McGarr, charged with defaulting $8,000 half in May, 1898, when he was treasurer of Ward 26, for complicity in the teaming fraud cases.

BANQUET GIVEN NOTED PRIEST

A banquet was given to the Right Rev. Mgr. Denis O'Loughlan, D. D., P. R., at the Hotel Essex by St. Augustine's Glee Club to welcome him home. He has just returned from a three months' trip in Europe.

BUT 2 DAYS MORE
OF OUR
Stamp Carnival Grocery Sale
Have you profited by the splendid economies of our Great Stamp Carnival Sale? If not, you've but two days left in which to act. You've worked hard for your money, now let your money work hard for you. Be prompt—it pays.

Stamp Carnival Specials

40 Stamps with 1 lb. Old Tav. 45c
10 Stamps with 2 lb. can Blue Rose Mixed Teas 10c
10 Stamps with 2 lb. can "Queen Esther" Tomatoes 10c
10 Stamps with 2 lb. can Coronal Vermicelli or Spaghetti 10c
10 Stamps with 1 peck Green Mandolin Potatoes 13c
40 Stamps with qt. Bottle Beef, Iron and Wine 35c
100 Stamps with 1 bbl. "Golden Rose" Flour 6.75
20 Stamps with 1 jar Hekler's Jelly 25c
10 Stamps with 5 pkgs. Mellrated Toilet Paper 15c
10 Bars Fairy Soap 12c
10 Stamps with 1 lb. Vanilla Beans 13c
10 Stamps with 1 lb. Red Star Cleanser 15c

EGGS.
Deliciously fresh laid and fresh gathered.
"Eastern" Brand. Single 18c
Stamps, doz.
"Cape Quality." Double 22c
Stamps, doz.
"Pine Grove." Triple Stamps, doz. 25c

FLOUR
The best hard spring wheat alone is used in the manufacture of "Golden Rose" Flour—hence the best bread.
¼-bbl. 85c Bbl. $6.75
100 Stamps with every barrel.

TEAS.
The favorite teas of New England's people. Delicate, flavory and fragrant.
"Golden Rose" Brand, 20 Stamps with every pound.
Lb. 35c 3 lbs. $1.00

COFFEES
"If you want to improve your undesirable drink, coffee," said Sidney Smith, 30 Stamps with every pound. Also 20 Stamps with every pound "Golden Rose."
"Pride of Aden," lb. 25c 4 lbs. $1
"Golden Rose," lb. 22c 5 lbs. $1

Fancy Grocery Specials

Campbell's Soups, can 7c
Cox's Gelatine, pkg 8c
5-gal. bot. Worcestershire Sauce 21c
10-lb. pails Swift's Silver Leaf Lard 89c
Farce or Shredded Wheat, pkg 10c
3-lb. cans Good Peaches 12c
FinestArlingtonLettuce,2 heads 9c
Drake's Famous Pound Cake, lb. 18c

PURE LIQUORS
40 Stamps with 1 qt. Promenade Rye Whiskey 90c
30 Stamps with 1 qt. Aqua Vita Malt Whiskey 75c
30 Stamps with 1 qt. Tarragona Port, a blood maker 50c

Choicest Meats
At Our Union Street Store Only.
Short Loin Steak, lb. 12c
Corned Beef, lb. 5c and 7c
Lamb Chops, lb. 15c
Rump Steak, lb. 15c
Pork Chops, lb. 12c
Fine Beef Liver, lb. 7c

BUTTER
"Golden Rose" Finest Vermont Creamery, lb. 31c
"Locust Valley" Finest Elgin Butter, lb. 25c

Free Delivery 15 Miles
On $5 orders or over; $2.50 orders for 10c; under $2.50 orders, 15c—except bbl. flour, 25c; extra; the same or potatoes, the extra.

THE CENTER GROCERY CO
163 SUMMER ST. 10 CANAL ST. ELM AND UNION STS.
565 WASHINGTON ST. 1459 TREMONT ST. 1395 SHAWMUT AVE.

CHICAGO STRIKE IN ACUTE STAGE

CHICAGO, April 27.—The Teamsters' unions and Chicago employers of labor renewed their struggle to-day and Mayor Dunne is trying to preserve order with 500 patrolmen on guard at the storm centre. Two hundred and fifty officers are detailed to accompany wagons which carry goods to and fro, proscribed houses, and two hundred and fifty more are watching the stores and freight houses. Two of State street's big department stores will become the centre of the strike to-day.

The wholesale district was brought within the battle zone when the teamsters in the wholesale houses of Marshall Field & Co., Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., and J. V. Farwell & Co. left their work because three of their number had been discharged for refusal to deliver goods to Montgomery, Ward & Co.

With the spreading of the strike this morning there are 15,000 fifty-dollar drivers either on strike or locked out. By night, according to union leaders, the number will be 30,000, and all State street will be threatened with a tie-up.

Retiring From Business!
GREAT
Closing Out Sale
of $250,000 Worth
CLOTHING
Shoes, Hats and Furnishings
at 60c on the Dollar
We Are Going Out of Business
And our entire stock must be gotten rid of, it matters not how great the sacrifice. The great Closing Out Sale is now in full swing, and presents to the people the greatest array of high-class up-to-date apparel ever shown in Boston, at prices that are cut almost in half. Many of the spring goods for which we contracted last winter, to be delivered during April, are now arriving, so that notwithstanding the tremendous sacrifices these items are yet complete. But the prudent man will strikes while the iron is hot, and promptly avail himself of this rare opportunity for supplying his spring clothing wants at a saving of nearly one-half.

A few quotations will give a slight idea of how the goods are going: $10 and $12 Suits and Top Coats are going at $5.75. $13.50 Suits and Top Coats are now $6.75. $14 and $15 Suits, Top Coats and Rain Coats are now $7.75. $16.50 and $18 Suits, Top Coats and Rain Coats cut down to $9.75. $20 and $22 Suits, Top Coats and Rain Coats cut down to $11.75.

SLAUGHTER OF
BOYS' CLOTHING
Boys' blue or tweed $2.50 Sailor Suits, 98c. Boys' $3.50 Norfolk Blouse Suits, 6 to 10 years, $1.65. All-wool $4.00 Sailor, Buster Brown or Norfolk-Breasted Suits, only $1.95. Buster Brown $5.00 Suits in navy, royal, brown or garnet colors, 3 to 10 years, now $2.95. All-wool $4.00 Covert Top Coats, ages 3 to 10, $1.95. 50c. Corduroy Knee Pants 25c. 900 Men's Winter Overcoats to close out at any price.

SHOES--SHOES
500 cases Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Shoes must be closed out at once, choice, $1.98. Thousands of other bargains in every department. Sale open until 9 at night; Saturdays, 10:30.

Metropolitan Clothing Co
700-702 Washington St.—Cor. Kneeland St.

COAL
$6.25 Per Ton
Do you know that the price of Coal dropped 50 cts. per ton April 1st wholesale? and the
BLISS COAL CO.
Is the only company in Boston that dropped price 50 cts. per ton retail, and is now selling to shipbuilders for $6.25 per ton the best grades. Pea $4.50.
OFFICE:
131 STATE ST., ROOM 504
WHARVES:
CHELSEA AND LYNN
GIVE US A CALL

New 10-Inch Disc Records, 50c each
New 10-Inch Disc Leeds Records 25c each
$30.00 Disc Machine, $14.98
Mail Orders Solicited.
Boston Talking Machine Exchange,
95 SUMMER ST.
OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

DOROTHY DIX SAYS STERN'S FAILURE TO IDENTIFY SMITHS GIVES NAN PATTERSON RENEWED CONFIDENCE

CHORUS GIRL GLOATS OVER RAND'S DEFEAT

When Pawnbroker Fails to Identify Smiths, Nan Patterson Appears Triumphant.

STRONGEST LINK BROKEN

By Dorothy Dix.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The most thrilling moment of the trial for Nan Patterson, for the brilliant and almost tragically serious young prosecuting attorney, and for the suave and smiling lawyers of the defence, was when Stern, the pawnbroker, failed to identify J. Morgan Smith as the man who had bought the revolver with which "Caesar" Young was killed.

When Stern was called to the witness stand a hush of expectation swept through the court room, for everyone realized that one of the pivotal points of the trial had been reached. Mr. Rand had asserted in his opening speech that he would show that there was a plot between Nan Patterson, her sister Julia, and her brother-in-law, J. Morgan Smith, to extort money out of Young, even by threatening him with violence if necessary, and to this end that thirteen hours before the killing Smith, accompanied by a woman, had gone to Stern's pawnbroking establishment and had purchased the weapon.

THAT TENSE MOMENT.

At the previous trials the pawnbroker had been shown photographs of the Smiths which he declared himself unable to recognize. Now he was to see them face to face.

It was a crucial moment. Nan grew white to the lips, and straightened herself tensely in her chair, and Mr. Rand got up and began walking nervously back and forth, now stopping for a moment, as he questioned the man, to step forward on the stenographer's table, now climbing down off a chair with such vehemence that his knickerbockers showed against the reddish brown of his hand.

Stern is a typical man of his class. You would know the three balls for his coat of arms without being told. He is big, heavy set, with triple chins, a bald head and hawk eyes, and when he speaks he chops off his words and closes his mouth like a vise—a man from whom you would get nothing, not even information, unless he chose to give it.

Nothing could have been more vague or more indefinite than his evidence. He identified the pistol by its marks and its number, and he remembered that it had been bought by a man who was accompanied by a woman.

NO DEFINITE DESCRIPTION.

Pressed for a description of these purchasers, he replied that the woman was not as large as the man, and that the man was a youngish person, about thirty, though he was a poor judge of ages, and was of medium height and smooth shaven, but beyond that he had no recollection whatever of how he looked—described so that would fit a third of the inhabitants of Manhattan almost.

At this Mr. and Mrs J. Morgan Smith were brought into court, and Stern declared that he could not tell whether they were the man and woman who bought the gun or not, and that was all that Mr. Rand could get out of him, although he piled the pawnbroker with every question he could think of.

When it was over the prosecuting attorney sank back into a chair with a weary expression of defeat, and Nan, who hates him, looked over at her enemy with glittering eyes of triumph, for she felt that she had scored the first great victory of the trial. The strongest link of evidence in the chain of conspiracy by which it was sought to connect her with the killing of "Caesar" Young had been broken.

HOPE BRINGS BEAUTY.

Altogether she looked better than she has yet. As the trial proceeds, and it becomes more and more apparent that even Mr. Rand is making a half-hearted fight, as if he realized that even if she is guilty, as he honestly believes her to be, he can not bring her crime home to her, as the old witnesses come and go and the story that time has robbed of its sensational has retold in milder and less convincing terms, and particularly as the dead Young sinks so far back into obscurity, you can see the girl visibly regaining in spirit the confidence and hope as a flower does under an April sun.

Happiness is a woman's beautifier, and yesterday, for the first time, Nan looked her pretty. She wore the same little black suit with white silk waist trimmed with heavy lace, that she had on Tuesday, and her hat was pretty black, but the supremacy of dress seems to be the nature of veils. Every day she appears in a new one, and she wore one yesterday of thin black net, with a single triangle of black chenille dots that came down over the side of her eye on her cheek, and gave the effect of the veiling that was so much affected in the days of "The School for Scandal."

FACE REFLECTS MOOD.

During the entire trial I have sat where I could watch Nan Patterson's face continuously. I have seen it by turns hard and revengeful and frightened; I have seen it angry and sullen; I have seen it dull and lifeless and spiritless, but I have never seen it **for the first time tender and womanly, and strange to say, it was when Young's brother-in-law was telling on the witness stand of the most shameful details of her life with the dead Young.**

It must have been terrible for her to hear, and the relations of the man she loved the dead man, whatever of sweetness there was in her nature was with that man, leaped in her face, and trembled in tears in her eyes. She had not changed even by the slight of his blood-stained clothes, or even by the telling notes of the shooting as by the ghost these men conjured up of her lost lover.

And what a tale it was they told!

THE DISCARDED WOMAN.

It was the epic of the discarded woman. It was the story that the souls of lost women tell each other in hell. It was the inevitable end, when a man grows tired of the painted butterfly and wants to rid himself of her.

The men who told the story did not set themselves up as censors of morals. Lloyd is a tall, fair young man with a dark mustache, and a gaudy taste in socks, like McKean was a thin, light-haired young fellow, with a red mustache and deep furrows in his cheeks.

They are just ordinary men. Neither one of them probably had seen anything particularly shocking in Young's relationship to Nan Patterson. Indeed, Lloyd testified that when he had been introduced to the girl on the night before the tragedy he had said "I am pleased to meet you." Assuredly neither one of them saw anything pitiful or tragical in her being discarded.

Young was tired of Nan. He wanted to be rid of her. He was willing to pay her money. That was the way he took it from a man's point of view. It was McKean who told how they went about trying to get the girl out of the way.

BATTLED FOR HOURS.

On May 6 of last year he went with "Caesar" Young, at Young's invitation, to a hotel where Nan Patterson was staying, they got the girl and took her to a cafe, where, over champagne bottles they discussed her fate. Young told her that he had decided to break with her because she was making trouble between him and his wife and that he wanted her to pack up and start for Europe the next day. She replied that she did not want to go. Young told her she had to. She still resisted and he kept repeating that he would make her go.

For two hours this battle waged between the man and woman. Sometimes the woman wept and stormed and quarrelled, and some times she acquiesced, and **she cried out that if he would only go with her they would both jump overboard in the sea,** but the man held her firmly to it that she must go and told her with the prodigal generosity of the gambler who has easy money that he would provide for her, and that whenever she wanted money she should have it by only writing to McKean.

"AT LAST NAN PROMISED."

The man remained her that she had once promised him that if he wanted her to go, because she was causing domestic discord for him, she would, and then he turned to her and said:

"I expect you to make good on that promise, and if Berry McKean tells Mrs. Young that you have gone she will believe him."

At last Nan promised to go off to Europe, and the three entered a cab, where McKean said that the girl threw her arms around "Caesar" Young's neck and sobbed out: "Caesar, I love you better than any man in the world. I love you better than your wife does. Why don't you send her away instead of me?"

At this Young said: "Nan, you are choking me," and then he added that what she said was impossible and that she knew that they must part.

NO LACK OF MONEY.

"Caesar" Young then left the girl and McKean to go to the Morris Park race track, and McKean tried to comfort her by explaining the arrangements that Young had made for her provision and telling her over again that he had rather blacken from Young to supply her with money, but to this **Nan replied that if Young would only put her in a room where she could see him once a day that she would be satisfied.**

Love told the story of the last evening Young spent on earth, and the girl's part in it. After a quiet dinner at Luca's, about 11 o'clock, the two men went down to One Hundred and Fortieth street, where Young met Nan by appointment. They went to a cafe, where they spent two hours in earnest talk together, again the girl crying and raging alternately, but Luca heard no words of their conversation, except Young saying to her: "I will give you a settlement." Finally the two went over to the table where Luca was sitting and Young began to tell about going away. Nan said: "You are not going." Young said: "I'm going to sail in the morning, and I will bet you a hundred dollars to fifteen cents you don't know what ship I am going on."

SENT HER HOME ALONE.

"With that he pulled out a roll of bills and stripped off one and handed it to me," said Luca, "and he said, 'Here, Bill, you hold the money,' but Nan said, 'I'll go there in the morning, and you can't hide on deep in the hold but what I will find you.'

Then the two men put the girl, still crying, into a cab and sent her home alone, and I, a slight "Nan" Patterson reaped as she had sown, for there is no purgatory equal to that a woman goes through when she sees the man who has loved her tired of her and feels herself discarded and thrown aside like an old shoe.

Then "Caesar" Young and his brother-in-law went home, congratulating themselves they were "rid" of Nan Patterson at last. But in this they reckoned without their host.

ONE UNKNOWN QUANTITY.

The one still unknown quantity of the trial is the trunk of the Morgan Smiths. Nobody but Mr. Rand and his assistants know what is in it. Apparently Mr. Rand laid the foundation for the introduction of some of the letters it is said to contain, as he examined the handwriting of both Nan, Smith, and her sister Julia, Mrs. Morgan Smith.

These letters and the appearance on the witness stand of Mrs. "Caesar" Young, the bookmaker's wife, will be the features of interest in to-day's trial.

"IT HAS BEEN A SPLENDID DAY FOR US."

Nan Patterson's cry to her father as she rushed to kiss him. This sketch made in court by Staff Artist Frederick for the Boston American shows the women spectators, who stay every day to see the accused actress kiss her father at the close of the day.

COURT UPHOLDS PRINCIPAL CLAY

Judge Fessenden in the equity session of the Superior Court decided to issue an injunction restraining Headmaster Charles M. Clay of the Roxbury High School from interfering with bids offered by James M. Dunphy for the photographic work of the graduating class of the school.

Mr. Clay professes to know of some petty grafting that committees had done in the past and decided to hold up the bids.

Judge Fessenden held that the granting of an injunction might produce friction between the class and the principal which would be unfortunate. The case was put over a week.

PYTHIANS MAKE LYNN MAN HEAD

FALL RIVER, April 27.—Walter L. Ramsdell, of Lynn, was elected grand chancellor of the Massachusetts Knights of Pythias at the State convention of the order held in Music Hall. The other officers elected are: Grand vice-chancellor, John P. Scott, of Somerville; grand prelate, Rev. Alan A. Stockdale, of Boston; grand master-at-arms, John Ballantyne, of Boston; grand inner guard, George W. Pennyman, of Brockton; grand outer guard, James Hargraves, of Fall River; grand keeper of records and seals, Charles A. Cross, of Lowell; grand master of the exchequer, George E. Howes, of Boston; grand trustee, Frank R. Hayden, of Worcester, supreme representative, Frederick E. White, of Boston.

SHORTAGE PAID, BANK REOPENS

PEABODY, April 27.—The shortage of $3,000 in the Warren National Bank has been made up, the cashier, Frank C. Merrill, has been removed, after 25 years' service, and the bank is now reopened and running as before the flurry that followed the discovery of the shortage.

The cause given by the cashier, and the bank officials as well, for the shortage and consequent difficulty, is poor bookkeeping. President Asnasiel Symonds impressed it upon a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter that the removal of Cashier Merrill is not due to any question of his honesty, but to a feeling that if his bookkeeping methods could produce so great a shortage, he was not longer competent to manage the funds of the institution.

DOCTORS OFFER TO EAT ARSENIC

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—Six physicians have signified their willingness to demonstrate by personal experiment that a pardon should be granted to Mrs. Catherine Dunn and George Hossey, the negro voodoo doctor, both of whom have been convicted of murder in the first degree.

If Governor Pennypacker and the Board of Pardons are willing, these men of science will eat a quantity of arsenic to show that experts who figured in the trial erred in stating the quantity of the drug necessary to cause death.

STEAMER CARRYING 150 CHINESE BURNS

LONDON, April 27.—A dispatch to Lloyd's from Shanghai says that the steamer Yuen was burned to the water's edge at Tingchow. It is feared many fatalities occurred, as the Yuen carried 150 Chinese.

MOTHER CONFIRMS STORY AS TOLD BY MRS. SHAPIRO

That Mrs. Shapiro told her mother, on the afternoon of the day of the tragedy, in the Bannen cab, to which she had seen "Caesar" Young with his revolver in his hand, and how she heard the shot, fired an instant later, is substantiated by the mother, Mrs. Sturmfuhrer. Mrs. Sturmfuhrer does not speak English. Through her daughter she acted as interpreter. Mrs. Sturmfuhrer said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter:

"When my daughter arrived home on the morning of June 4 she was scarcely recognized. When she had calmed down she told me that Nan Patterson did not murder "Caesar" Young, and I am sure my testimony will result in her acquittal.

"I was on West Broadway on the morning of June 4. I had been in the habit of taking long walks every morning before breakfast. On that morning I left my home, which was then at Nos. 88 and 90 Second avenue, at the corner of Fifth street, at 7:30 o'clock to go to the New York Savings Bank at Eighth avenue and Fourteenth street, where we had an account, to draw some money.

"We had lived in New York since the preceding February, having come from Philadelphia, which had been our home for years. I did not know New York very well, but I had been to the New York Savings Bank once before and I supposed I could find it again without difficulty.

"After I had walked for half an hour I realized that I had lost my way. I found myself on West Broadway, between which streets I did not know. I have learned since that it was between Duane and York streets.

"A carriage containing a man and a woman came along toward me. It was the only vehicle on the block. I think it came along near the curb on the side of which I was walking, and I had a good view of the occupants.

"When the cab was about even with me I saw the man half rise from his seat. In his right hand I saw the revolver. It was pointing downward. The man was apparently trying to prevent the woman from catching hold of the hand that held the weapon.

At first I thought he was about to shoot the woman. My heart stood still for a moment. The cab drew by swiftly and I lost sight of the occupants.

The cab had gone more than a yard when I heard the report of the revolver. It was all done in a few seconds. It would have been a physical impossibility for the woman to have gotten hold of that revolver between the time I saw it in the man's hand and the time the shot was fired.

The cab stopped immediately. My first impulse was to run to the cab and see what had happened, I did turn in that direction. I was in feeble health, however, and in a flash it occurred to me that it would be best for me to get away as soon as possible. I hurried home and told my mother what I had seen.

STREETS NOT DESERTED.

Witnesses have testified that the street was deserted at the time of the shooting. That is a mistake. There were quite a number of persons on that block, and my impression is that several of them ran to the cab to see what had occurred. I am extremely nervous and the shooting left me in a weak condition for the rest of the day.

Mother and I watched the afternoon newspapers to learn more about the shooting. We learned that "Caesar" Young, a bookmaker, had been killed. The news papers left in doubt the question as to who shot it was a case of suicide or whether "Caesar" Young had been murdered by his companion, Nan Patterson.

I was struck with horror at the thought that a woman was being accused of a murder of which she was innocent.

FAMOUS ATHLETES PAY GLOWING TRIBUTE TO PE-RU-NA

As a Spring Tonic to Get the System In Good Shape

"I advise all Athletes who are about to go in training to try a bottle of Pe-ru-na."
—J. W. Glenister.

John Glenister, Champion Swimmer and Only Athlete to Successfully Swim Through the Michigan Whirlpool Rapids.

PE-RU-NA

Renovates, Regulates, Restores a System Depleted by Catarrh.

John W. Glenister, of Providence, R. I., champion distance swimmer of America, has performed notable feats in this country and England. He has used Peruna as a tonic and gives his opinion of it in the following letter:

New York.
The Peruna Medicine Company,
Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen:—"This spring for the first time I have taken two bottles of Peruna, and, as it has done me so much good all round, I feel as if I ought to say a good word for its virtues.

"During the springtime for the last few years I have taken several kinds of spring tonics, and have never received any benefit whatever. This year, through the advice of a friend, I have tried Peruna and it has given satisfaction.

"I advise all athletes who are about to go in training to try a bottle, for it certainly gets the system in good shape." Yours truly, JOHN W. GLENISTER.

ATHLETES realize the importance of keeping the digestive organs in healthy tone.

The digestion must be good; the circulation perfect, sleep regular and enough of it.

If the slightest catarrhal condition of lungs or stomach is allowed to remain, neither digestion nor sleep will be strength-sustaining.

Those who lead very active lives, like athletes, with good muscular development, find the spring months especially trying.

Athletes everywhere praise Peruna because they, of all men, appreciate the value of a tonic that dispels physical depression.

The vocation of some men may allow them to endure the depressing feelings incident to spring weather, but athletes must conquer or allow himself to get "under the weather."

His must keep in the "pink of condition" all the time.

In order to do this he must avail himself of a spring tonic upon which he can rely.

Therefore athletes are especially friendly toward Peruna.

Peruna never fails them.

NAN PATTERSON FACES WORST FOE

Continued from First Page.

go if you want me." Young told her that he was in a fine fix and that she would have to go. I asked her where she wanted to go and she said New York. I went out and got the train to New York and gave money to her.

Q.—Did they stay there all that day?
A.—Yes, all that day and night.
Q.—Did you meet her after that train, A.—I did.
Q.—Did Young give you any money to give to her? A.—Yes, he gave me $500.
You got that in New York?
Q.—Was Mrs. Young in Los Angeles on March 27? A.—Yes.
Q.—When did you see the defendant again? A.—In the Imperial Hotel in New York in May, 1904.
Q.—Who was with you? A.—Caesar Young.
Q.—Where did you see the defendant next? A.—On June 3, 1904, at the Gravesend race track.
Q.—Where were Young and his wife living when they came to New York?
At the Hotel Walton.
Q.—Where did they move after that?
A.—To a cottage at Sheepshead Bay.
Q.—Were you at the Sheepshead Bay cottage from May 20 to June 2? A.—Yes, sir.
Q.—Was Young there every night? He was Young present at the race track on June 3? He was.
Was he doing business? No sir.
Q.—Now, I show you an exhibit and ask you if that is in Young's handwriting?
A.—Yes, sir, I saw him write it June 2, and he gave it to me to mail.
"I offer it in evidence," said the prosecutor.
"I object," said Levy.
"It is only for the purpose of showing Young's state of mind at the time," said Rand.

WOMAN SAW YOUNG, REVOLVER IN HAND

By Mrs. Fannie Shapiro.

Nan Patterson did not shoot "Caesar" Young.

I know this and am prepared to swear to it.

The man shot himself.

I saw Young with the revolver in his hand, and a moment later heard the report of the shot.

I didn't breathe a word of what I had seen to any human being except my mother. To her I related the incident as soon as I arrived home that morning. The afternoon papers told us that it was "Caesar" Young who had been shot. Up to that time I did not know the identity of the occupants of the cab. My mother then told that I described that shooting as soon as I reached home.

On Tuesday night I made up my mind to make a clean breast of the whole story to my husband. I went to him and told him for the first time that I was a witness to the killing of "Caesar" Young.

Before I made the revelation to my husband, my mother had repeatedly urged me to go to the district attorney and tell him all, but I dreaded the ordeal. At the time of the first trial my health would not have permitted me to undergo such an examination and cross-examination as many witnesses have to undergo in murder trials. At the second trial I supposed some other witnesses to the shooting would clear the girl, for my impression is that a number of persons were within sight of the cab when the shot was fired. When the present trial was begun I hoped the witness who was found in Chicago could be here. I understand now that they cannot get him to New York.

I suppose, after all, that I was the only actual witness to the shooting.

I believe that Nan Patterson did not murder "Caesar" Young, and I am sure my testimony will result in her acquittal.

I was on West Broadway on the morning of June 4. I had been in the habit of taking long walks every morning before breakfast. On that morning I left my home, which was then at Nos. 88 and 90 Second avenue, at the corner of Fifth street, at 7:30 o'clock to go to the New York Savings Bank at Eighth avenue and Fourteenth street, where we had an account, to draw some money.

We had lived in New York since the preceding February, having come from Philadelphia, which had been our home for years. I did not know New York very well, but I had been to the New York Savings Bank once before and I supposed I could find it again without difficulty.

I intended to walk there and back. After I had walked for half an hour I realized that I had lost my way. I found myself on West Broadway, between which streets I did not know. I have learned since that it was between Duane and York streets.

A carriage containing a man and a woman came along toward me. It was the only vehicle on the block. I think it came along near the curb on the side of which I was walking, and I had a good view of the occupants.

When the cab was about even with me I saw the man half rise from his seat. In his right hand I saw the revolver. It was pointing downward. The man was apparently trying to prevent the woman from catching hold of the hand that held the weapon.

At first I thought he was about to shoot the woman. My heart stood still for a moment. The cab drew by swiftly and I lost sight of the occupants.

The cab had gone more than a yard when I heard the report of the revolver. It was all done in a few seconds. It would have been a physical impossibility for the woman to have gotten hold of that revolver between the time I saw it in the man's hand and the time the shot was fired.

The cab stopped immediately. My first impulse was to run to the cab and see what had happened. I did turn in that direction. I was in feeble health, however, and in a flash it occurred to me that it would be best for me to get away as soon as possible. I hurried home and told my mother what I had seen.

STREETS NOT DESERTED.

Witnesses have testified that the street was deserted at the time of the shooting. That is a mistake. There were quite a number of persons on that block, and my impression is that several of them ran to the cab to see what had occurred. I am extremely nervous and the shooting left me in a weak condition for the rest of the day.

Mother and I watched the afternoon newspapers to learn more about the shooting. We learned that "Caesar" Young, a bookmaker, had been killed. The news papers left in doubt the question as to who shot it was a case of suicide or whether "Caesar" Young had been murdered by his companion, Nan Patterson.

I was struck with horror at the thought that a woman was being accused of a murder of which she was innocent.

THINKS PATTERSON GIRL IS INNOCENT

BY ADA PATTERSON.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Four times I have visited Nan Patterson in the Tombs and talked with her about herself, her family, her life, and the crime of which she is accused. The first time the call was a formal one of introduction and commonplaces, lasting but a few moments, during her father, John Harding Patterson, her sister, Mrs. Lowell of Washington and a woman friend whose name I did not learn were present.

Three times, however, we talked nearly an hour at each call alone, unhindered and excepting her testimony upon the stand at the first trial and her story to her attorneys and family, the girl accused of murdering her former lover has told no story to Caesar Young and the conditions leading to it than to any one else.

For this reason I have been asked to give my impressions of the girl and the crime.

Thinks Girl Innocent.

Knowing that I am one of the small minority who hold this view, but believing that it will be shared more generally after the close of this trial, I do not hesitate to say that I believe Nan Patterson is innocent of murder.

This belief I have based upon two, to me, sufficient reasons—the manner of woman Nan Patterson is, and the lack of motive for killing him.

In view of what she herself told me, of what has been developed in the trials, of what I have observed in the conduct of relations such as hers with the murdered man, of the tinderblown character of all circumstantial evidence, I believe that she only did not kill him, but accordingly the standards obtaining in her world and his there had been no provocation for such a crime.

Nan Patterson had wearied of this mercenary relation. At last with the courage race track gambler with whom she shared it.

Had Tired of Young.

"No one knows what I put up with from him when he was drinking," she said, not in the whining tone of the discarded mistress whose wrongs had goaded her to desperation, but in the tone of a friend discussing a reminiscence of sickening disgust.

The man had lost for her the glamor of romance he had once had. The gilding of her idol had tarnished. Nan Patterson was tired of "Caesar" Young, of his brutal drunkenness, of his brutalities, which a sudden woman of the street might endure, but not this girl of earlier refinements.

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ATTLEBORO FIREBUG ENDANGERS FOUR LIVES

House Instantly in Flames, and Family Is Saved With Great Difficulty.

ESCAPED DEATH BY FIRE.

Special to the Boston American.

NORTH ATTLEBORO, April 27.—The police officials are making a careful investigation of the mysterious circumstances surrounding the early morning fire in the dwelling of Joseph DeBlois, which, but for the providential discovery of the fire by Engineer Vernon Parks of the Electric Light plant, would have cost the lives of DeBlois, his wife and two children, Joseph, Jr., and Arthur.

How the fire started and enveloped the house in almost its entirety is a mystery. Mrs. DeBlois said:

"I think the fire was incendiary, as we had no fire in the stove. At 11:50 o'clock everything was all right."

There was 150 gallons of kerosene in the shed that also caught fire.

DeBlois lost a purse containing $100, and all the clothes the family were destroyed.

Engineer Parks, walking home from work, smelled smoke as he passed through Smith street and followed it to the DeBlois house, which was ablaze as he reached it. He hammered upon the door until the family was awakened and leaped from bed, only to find escape by the stairway cut off by the flames.

The terrific father, mother and children stood at the windows of their rooms on the second floor, calling for help, when Parks began hugging DeBlois to save them. DeBlois's order urged stood firm, and Parks followed it under the window, stood upon its top, and, reaching up, brought down the children and Mrs. DeBlois in safety. By the same means DeBlois was able to save himself.

JOHN L. GIVES GOOD ADVICE TO CONVICTS

Tells Them to Fight Fair in Life's Battle When Free Again.

SERMON IN RING TERMS

Special to the Boston American.

MARQUETTE, Mich., April 27.—"Don't ever foul in your bout with life," said John L. Sullivan, addressing the convicts in the Marquette State Penitentiary, "now the law is the referee and the decision will go against you, and go hard, some time or other. Then the workers bound me up to it like a man. I always fought fair and if my match with Charley Mitchell comes off, I will make clean breaks and no hitting in the clinch. That's the kind of a way you chaps want to do when you get back into the ring again, whatever your ring is."

The convicts will remember this speech by the ex-champion as long as they live, in jail or out of it. John L. is en route to Seattle and the convicts knew bound he was coming through Marquette they joined in a request that they be allowed to invite him to talk to them. The warden consented and John L. readily accepted the invitation.

Sees "Good Stuff" in Men.

He was cheered when he came on to speak. He surveyed the convicts and remarked to the warden:

"I'd like to get some of those boys in training. They seem pretty good stuff and some of them."

Then he began talking, starting in with his fistic homily about fighting fair with no fouls in the battle of life.

"I'm awful sorry to see you fellows here and I hope you'll get out sooner or later. But, boys, let me tell you one thing. You've got to fight fair. If you don't you'll get a knock-down blow in the end either from life itself or from the referee—the law. You may fool one or the other but you can't fool the both of them.

"There's many a foxy boy gone into the ring, either business or professional or even as a hod-carrier, and tried to do busy business with fouls, hoping he would land a punch sometime that big soul that would give him a big money stake.

"Caught by Referee."

"I've seen 'em do it time and again. And sometimes they got nailed by the referee at the first bit of dirty work. And they got cautioned out and out by their business. Or, if they fooled wicked, then they got pulled out of the bout—you funny what that means. They got a decision that put them away in life, you know.

"There was a general grin from the convicts, who took the ex-champion's speech just as he meant it, and followed him with rapt attention.

"And there's one thing you want to get wise on. This bout with life is a matter a mile. There's no stopping the rounds, so far as you know. There's only one referee—captain that runs the precinct and his block North is a prize-ring. You can't get another one and on any terms get a decision that'll put you away in life. Now, boys, don't get caught in a foul, and then you go out of the game for good with a black record and no chance to square yourself.

"Now Down and Out."

"You chaps are now down and out. But some of you will get another chance and get ready to make the most of it. There are some fighters who never learn to fight fair, no matter how much they're told to get. And now they can't get a match on referees because fighters and their backers and clubs won't take them on. Isn't do that way. Take first-class medicine and when you get back into the ring again, start fresh and fight fair—and you'll be the public's a dead game sport and will give you a square deal. Don't be like any old way. And if it sees a chap has got wise and is willing to fight clean, it'll back him again in a hurry.

"So fight clean, boys. Fight hard and hit like the blazes, but don't foul—you'll get a chance, for life will keep you on the move all your days. Don't be afraid to take a clean one and you'll get a clean one, even if it ain't a big one. S'long, boys."

FACE LIKE PIECE OF RAW BEEF

Scalp Covered With Sores, Hair and Eye-Brows Fell Out—Agony for Eight Long Years — Doctors Were Unable to Cure.

SPEEDILY CURED BY CUTICURA

"I had suffered terrible agony and pain for eight long years from a terrible eczema on the scalp and face. The best doctors were unable to help me, and I had spent a lot of money for many remedies without receiving any benefit. My scalp was covered with scabs, my face was like a piece of raw beef, my eyebrows and lashes were entirely gone, and sometimes I felt as if I was burning up from the terrible itching and pain. I then began treating myself at home, and now my head and face are clear and I am entirely well. I first bathed my face with Cuticura Soap, then applied Cuticura Ointment to the affected parts, and took Cuticura Resolvent for the blood. I was greatly relieved after the first application, and continued use of Cuticura soon made a complete cure.—Miss Mary F. Fay, Westboro, Mass."

AGONIZING ECZEMA

And Itching, Burning Eruptions with Loss of Hair, Cured by Cuticura.

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal; and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent Pills to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston. Send for "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

BEAUTIFUL NAHANT RESIDENCE—One of the finest in the city, located in best residential section. Is large, superbly-built house, with hot water, and is modern and up to date, in fine condition, ready for occupancy. Has large up-to-date stable, with basement; large lot, fronting on two streets, ideally suited for making a home of the most complete homes in Nahant, but as it is on market for sale at a price that will be found very attractive and on easy terms. Apply to owner, JOHN F. CHARLTON & CO., 50 Congress street, Boston.

FOR SALE—125-acre farm, near Manchester, N. H., best of soil, smooth, no rocks, cuts 75 tons hay, pasture for 20 cows, plenty wood, new tool barn all clapboarded and painted, basement, stanchions, cattle carry, water in barn; price cut of $1.90 per hundred weight within 2½ miles of city; good chance for milk business; 10-room house, splendid front of sunshine; 3 large sunny rooms, one finished, all well painted; 2 barns, one and three-quarters acres land, house; 2½ miles from fine graded high school, fair, no factory influence; neighbors quiet and sickness, and it must be sold. Cuts and all particulars from FRANK E. CHARLTON & CO., 36 Hanover st., Manchester, N. H.

FRUIT FARM FOR SALE—80 acres, near city; 60 acres fruit, balance pasture and tillage; 1,000 lovely shade trees, fine view, splendid neighbors, good water, good soil; 400 peach trees, 200 pear trees and raspberries, and only a large variety of other fruits; 10-room house, good barn; 2 miles railroad station; 1 mile electric cars; price, $4,000; terms, one-half cash, balance to suit purchaser. Can sell this place on easy terms; look this up at once. FRANK E. CHARLTON & CO., 36 Hanover st., Manchester, N. H.

WE HAVE 200 farms on our books of all kinds; fruit, hotel, milk, stock, poultry and village places; all sizes and prices, from $500 to $20,000 each. Farms to suit all and New Hampshire. Summer homes on lake shores and mountain side; cottages to let furnished; also to let for season. Nothing on these floor high. A. M. CARLTON & SON, 36 Hanover st., Manchester, N. H.

FREE EXCURSION,

SUNDAY, APRIL 30, 1905.

To Bungalow Park, 200 fine villa sites in the centre of a great city, not one to the south of Boston; 30 minutes from Scollay square; $2 down, $1 weekly. Low rate half fare. Lots 50x100 feet, worth $200; check between us steam and electric cars; surrounded by two thousand new $6,000 to $8,000 H., where side tracks can be put in; 250 feet in front of each lot. Secure your choice to-day. H. BARTLETT, 80 Court st.

FREE EXCURSION

TO LAKE VIEW PARK to see our $50 house and lots. Take cars to Arlington Heights, Lexington and Worcester electric cars; grand chance for business men; only 10 minutes' ride from Boston; 5c fare; lots 50x100; all in reach; many only $50 per foot; free transportation. F. F. HOYEY, 80 Court st., room 2.

SOMERVILLE.

AT A BARGAIN—A house of 11 rooms, bath and all modern conveniences; 6 minutes from Sullivan square; lot 50x100; price, $5,000; terms to suit purchaser. Also 2-family house, 7 rooms each; rents for $30; price, $5,650; feet of land; terms to suit purchaser. Also 2-family house; this is a rare opportunity for one desiring two houses in one; price, $6,000. Take Highland st. car from Sullivan Square terminal.

CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

Two-family house, 7 rooms each; Somer; will sell in section of 14 rooms, 2 baths; well rented; huge bargain; $6,000; terms. Apply to owner, 1 Pearl st., R. 86, Somerville.

FOR SALE or to let—Country miles from Boston, in North Reading, large house, barn, stable, 2 acres land, fine view; will sell cheap or let for particulars address 9 Dearborn st., Salem.

HOUSE LOTS—Best neighborhood; to any estate, 8c. per ft., none better at 25c.; West Concord, Lexington and Arlington electrics. WM. B. TOOTHAKE, 53 State st., office 526.

I PAY CASH prices for anything you will sell anywhere. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

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$1 DISC RECORDS 34c.

Concert Grand size Machine, latest improvements, with large horn and 100 selections, $15; 6 months on your own selection. From other dealers $30.

10-INCH $1 DISC RECORDS, 34c. each.

These records are guaranteed new, direct from factory.

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To anyone owning a small machine, we will allow $10 for same in exchange for a large size machine, your small outfit having no use for it.

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FISCHER UPRIGHT, new, $230; Everett up rights, $125; Angelus player, $440.

REN A THAYER pianos, $10; allow rent within one year toward purchase of any piano we have on our floors ranging from $5 to $350; organs, $5 to $35; upright pianos, $75 to $150; pianos, used or second-hand; BLAKE'S, 504 Washington st.; elevator; established 1859.

$70—MILLER upright piano; fine, full tone; must be sold; party leaving city; best in first-class condition. Can be seen at any time by addressing T 45, Boston American.

LADY will sacrifice nearly new upright piano; can be seen any afternoon after 4; all day Sunday. 30 Moreland st., Roxbury.

CHICKERING UPRIGHT, only $50, must sell to-day; can be seen at 1 Pembroke st., Boston American.

$187—CHICKERING UPRIGHT PIANO, elegant tone and case. STEFF, 207 Tremont st.

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For 15 years I have treated thousands of cases that have failed elsewhere and have been endorsed by the so-called female specialists. Ladies, call and be convinced. Private attention. Advice free. 161 West Springfield st.

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224 Tremont st., Boston's leading specialist on female diseases; 20 years' practice; treatment and cure guaranteed or no charge; consultation free; visit will convince you fully; and will save you much time and expense; no charge unless cured. Confinements taken at very low rates. Hours, 10 to 8. Sundays, 2 to 5.

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Reliable specialist in diseases of women. Largest living in hospital connected. Lady attendant. Consultation free. Hours, 9 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 1. Ladies, 10 to 2 only; later by appointment.

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Office 144 Tremont st. Specialist in female diseases; 20 years' practice; treatment and cure guaranteed. Private hospital connected. Lady attendant. Private hospital connected. Hours, 9 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 1.

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WOMEN find and receive the personal attention of a graduate physician and surgeon in Boston; thorough examination and confidential advice free; charges reasonable. Hours, 9 to 5.

MRS. DR. LYON Tremont St.

Ladies' Physician. Confinements taken. Consultation free. Hours, 9 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 1. Evenings, Hours, 9 to 7; Sun., 1 to 4.

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Established 1854. Ladies consult the old reliable physician; treatment safe and skilful; all letters answered promptly. Hours, 9 to 5. Sundays, 10 to 1.

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LYING-IN HOME.

Private licensed home; ladies taken before and during confinement. Address Mrs. MALONE, 668 Tremont st., Boston.

J. E. FROTHINGHAM, M. D.
11 Allston St. Boston Hill.
CONFINEMENTS AND DISEASES OF WOMEN.
Hours 12 to 2 and 7 to 8; appointment.

MISS A. L. HARRINGTON, graduate of Tremont nomia; patients treated at residence; 999 Tremont st.

CITY OF BOSTON.

CITY OF BOSTON—10 CONTRACTORS.

THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE OF BOSTON will receive proposals for installing heating and ventilating system in primary school house, Monument square, Charlestown, until 12 M. of THURSDAY, May 4, 1905, at which time and place they will be publicly opened. Specifications obtained at the office of the Superintendent of Public Buildings, City Hall Annex, on and after 12 M. of THURSDAY, May 4, 1905, upon payment of a check for $1.00, which will be returned to the bidder upon the return of the specifications in good condition within ten days after the bids are opened. The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of the Treasurer of the City of Boston, for an amount not less than $2,000, which will be forfeited to the City of Boston if the bidder to whom a contract is awarded shall fail to enter into the contract and give bonds as required within ten days after the contract is awarded to him. Each bid must be accompanied by the name of every person interested therein, and must be in the usual form. Bidders will be required to comply with the provisions of Chapter 106 of the Acts of 1894, and all acts in addition thereto or amendment thereof

12,000 GUESTS AT LETTER CARRIERS' REUNION IN MECHANICS' BUILDING

Many Noted Guests Grace the Annual Function of Boston's Postal Employes.

Good Music, Elaborate Decorations and Enthusiasm Mark Enjoyable Occasion.

Twelve thousand people attended the reunion of the Boston Letter Carriers' Mutual Benefit Association at Mechanics' Building. The hall was decorated with the national colors amongst which were placed at intervals works of art. At the back of the stage was a fine large paintings, "Washington's Inauguration" and "Paul Revere's Ride," and two handsome banners bearing the names of the officers of the organization.

Flags and bunting draped the balconies while the large roof of the hall was draped from the centre with bunting and flags and formed a canopy of national color.

The platform was reserved for invited guests. Music was furnished by the Letter Carriers' Band of forty pieces.

The festivities were opened with a concert from 8 to 9 o'clock. At its close the invited guests marched down the hall to the tune of "Hail to the Chief."

Some of the Guests.

Among the guests were Postmaster Hibbard, Brigadier-General William H. Devine, Colonel Charles H. Cole, Colonel T. J. Kincaid, Major Robert J. Crowley, Major P. J. O'Keefe, Major William L. Mitchell and Colonel Francis E. J. McGarry of the Governor's staff.

Shortly after the conclusion of the grand march was started, led by Postmaster John S. Foley and Mrs. Foley. Three invited couples took part, including Postmaster Hibbard with Miss Elizabeth A. Marshall, Assistant Postmaster Frank E. Mullin and Mrs. Charles H. Norton, Vice-President James P. Duff and Miss Catherine Duff, Colonel Charles H. Cole and Miss Agnes G. Marshall, Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Merrill and Mrs. G. Turnbull, Major G. F. O'Keefe and Miss G. E. Willis, Major William L. Mitchell and Miss May Duff, Ex-Assistant Postmaster E. C. Mansfield and Miss Adelaide Hibbard, Congressman J. A. Sullivan and Miss W. E. Curtiss, Congressman John A. Sullivan and Miss Ruth E. Kelly, Hon. John F. Fitzgerald and Miss Louise Gillooley, Judge Henry S. Dewey and Mrs. G. L. Wadsworth, Alderman Joseph A. Conry and Mrs. E. Gorman.

Officers in Charge.

The president of the association, John S. Foley, acted as chief marshal, assisted by James P. Duffey. John J. Dwyer was floor director. Assisting him were Daniel J. Clifford and Henry Hurley. Thomas F. Garrity was chairman of the reception committee.

Following are the names of some of the women and the gowns they wore:

Mrs. J. S. Foley, black lace and chiffon, de-colette, diamond ornaments, violets.

Miss Elizabeth A. Marshall, black lace and chiffon, de-colette.

Sarah A. Marshall, white lace and white taffeta silk gown, guipure lace, de-colette, valley lilies.

Mrs. C. D. Morton, white veiling, trimmed with white point venise and chiffon.

Miss Ruth Kelly, white crepe de chine and white lace.

Katherine Duffy, white silk with white lace, violets.

Mrs. F. R. Turnbull, white pean de soie waist, black silk skirt.

Mrs. Thomas J. Downs, white theriy satin with applique and pearl trimming.

Mrs. William J. O'Brien, old rose figured foulard with lace, black velvet ribbon.

Mrs. John H. Thornton, gray figured foulard with yoke of white embroidered chiffon.

Mrs. John Case, pale green striped cotienne, white Chantilly lace, spangled, roses.

Mrs. T. F. Coughlin, dark blue figured silk with white lace garniture.

Miss Ethel M. Knight, blue figured foulard and tagetted.

Miss Josie Lambert, pink muslin with tucked flounce.

Mrs. John J. Brennan, white pean de soie waist and black silk skirt, violets.

Mrs. O. D. Sherwood, black corded silk with lace gown and applique.

Mrs. Thomas S. Connorton, figured gray foulard.

Miss Marie Carey, pale blue waist with white lace garniture.

Miss Barrett, green voile and white lace and ribbons.

Miss Flora Rogers, red cloth gown and white lace garniture.

Miss Alice Duffey, white Brussels net with white lace and ribbons.

Mrs. J. D. Meehan, black voile and tagotted yoke.

Mrs. Benjamin Sowden, blue figured foulard with Irish point lace.

Mrs. M. L. Fernandes, gun metal taffeta.

Mrs. A. S. Blood, pearl gray crepe de chine with white lace and appliques.

Mrs. John J. Kyle, dark blue taffeta, Miss Hedwig A. Hatch, purple blue silk waist and dark blue foulard skirt.

Miss Emily Gibson, nude taffeta with white lace yoke over pale blue.

Miss Rose Lavelle, blue figured foulard, ring.

CARRIED OFFICIALS.

President and Mrs. Foley led the grand march and Mr. Dwyer was floor director at the Letter Carriers' Mutual Benefit Association reunion at Mechanics' Building.

HERO OF FOUR SAVES SISTER FROM FLAMES

James Woodford Carried Baby From Burning Kitchen While Mother Was Away.

6 RESCUED AT SOUTH END

"As soon as the fire started in the kitchen I took baby Alice from her crib and carried her into the front room and shut the door so the smoke would not come in."

This is the account given by four-year-old James Woodford of No. 77 Webster street, East Boston, of the way in which he saved his little sister from being smothered. James is probably the youngest fire hero on record, for the whole neighborhood is very proud of the thoughtful and cool-headed little fellow who looked out so well for his sister's time of peril.

Thomas J. Giblin, the East Boston politician, who was the first grown person in the house after the fire started, found the two children in the front room. James clasping his sister tightly in his arms as if to shield her from harm at whatever cost to himself.

Carried Through Smoke.

Mr. Giblin himself performed heroic work in getting the children out, as the smoke was filling the house by that time. The kitchen was choked with it and the hallways were nearly impassable, but Mr. Giblin managed to reach both the brother and sister.

The children's parents are Mr. and Mrs. William Woodford. Mr. Woodford was at work and Mrs. Woodford started to prepare supper. She needed something at the grocer's, so she locked her tenement for a few minutes while she hurried over to the grocery.

It is thought that while she was away a spark from the stove set fire to an old lounge in the kitchen. However it was, a fire started in the kitchen and was first noticed from the outside by Mrs. John Dalton, a neighbor. She ran outdoors and met Mr. Giblin and Jacob Bernhiger. They ran to the house and started up the stairway. Mr. Bernhiger being forced to retire on account of smoke at the top landing. Mr. Giblin, who is a very powerful man, managed to get through the smoke and found the two children together in the front room. The fire did about $150 damage.

Six Saved by Police.

The prompt work of Patrolmen Thomas H. Vincent and William G. Hill of the East Dedham Street station saved six lives at a fire at No. 143 West Newton street early to-day.

Those at used and taken out at the West Newton street fire were John Federben, his wife and two children, Dorothy and Clarence, the aged father of Mr. Federben and a servant girl.

The fire was confined to the basement, where it started, and the hallway of the first floor. The damage was not excessive.

NOTED MEN FAVOR TRADE AGREEMENT

Capitalists and Laborers Meet and Discuss Remedies for Labor Troubles.

HARMONY THE KEYNOTE

Capitalists and laborers sat at the same tables at the Quincy House at the first public meeting of the New England Civic Federation and discussed the good and bad points of trade agreements.

It was significant that President Lucius Tuttle of the Boston & Maine Road, president August Belmont of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of New York, President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, John F. Tobin, president of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, William Pfahler of the National Founders' Association and the other guests seemed to favor the trade agreement.

President Tuttle, who is also president of the Federation, presided at the meeting. After referring to the preliminary work and the aims of the Federation, President Tuttle said:

No Labor Problem.

"We have no panacea for what is called the labor problem, and I doubt very much if there is any labor problem as such. What is known commonly as the labor problem is a great economic question confined more or less to this social problem, which has been working itself out from the earliest days of the written history down to the present day.

"There are, it is true, many discouraging and troublesome questions in connection with this matter, but there are in connection with every other great economic problem, but I think those who have given the most thought to the subject have never at any time felt that it was insoluble or that it was more difficult or other dangers in it than those that might be overcome by a careful consideration of the whole problem as one having various conflicting elements in its nature.

Can Not Destroy Hope.

President Gompers followed President Tuttle. He spoke forcibly on existing conditions and after complimenting the gathering upon getting so closely together, said:

"Labor makes a demand upon modern society for better conditions. It asks for more leisure, a shorter work day that shall give men leisure to live, leisure to live, leisure to enjoy their freedom, leisure to develop the best that is in them and help their fellow men. No wonder, the pull of the mine or an office established that purpose which constitutes the corporation.

"The other agreement transfers the employment and the determination of the conditions of employment from the mouth of the mine, the door of the factory or office to where the representatives of the determined, not by the direct necessity, but where, after discussion, the average intellect obtains, and there a committee stand between the employer and the employed which shall determine what is just and equitable under the conditions as between the employer and employed.

Justice and Equity.

"What do we find as the result of the much vaunted individual agreement between individual workmen and employers? An agreement entered into by them is reached, where? Usually at the entrance to the mine, the factory, the office. So-called, the pull of the mine or an office established that purpose which constitutes the corporation.

"No matter whether the organizations of labor are strong or weak, or if the most possible effort could be swept out of existence, there would still be left the deep yearnings in the human heart, or these aspirations in the human mind.

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NEWSBOYS SEE L AUTHORITIES

Members of Union Present Case Against Extra Fee on Bundles of Papers.

REFERRED TO BANCROFT

Morris Zarnusky, Dick O'Connell and Charles Friess, three members of the Newsboys' Protective Union, have appeared before Superintendent of Transportation Rugg of the Boston Elevated Railway Company and protested against being compelled to pay 5 cents for carrying bundles of papers on street cars, in addition to the regular 5 cents fare.

The boys went first to President Bancroft, but were referred to Superintendent Rugg.

A stenographer took down their complaint, and it will be referred to General Bancroft.

An official of the company says there has been no discrimination against the boys. "There is a rule of the company," he said, "which leaves it to the discretion of the conductors whether a bundle shall be allowed on a car. If it is too large for the inside of the car it may be carried upon the platforms, but a fare must be paid for it. This applies to everybody."

BREAKS LEG FOR POSY.

While struggling for possession of a bunch of violets in front of the Davis School, West Newton, George Haynes, a pupil, six years old, of 261 Cherry street, had his leg broken.

MGR. WILLIAMS 83 YEARS OLD

Venerable Boston Prelate Observes Birthday To-day at Episcopal Residence.

HIS HEALTH IS EXCELLENT

Archbishop John J. Williams to-day observed his eighty-third birthday. At the request of the venerable prelate there was no ceremony at the Cathedral of the Holy Cross to commemorate the occasion. A large number of parishioners were present at the 7 o'clock mass formerly read by His Grace, expecting that he would celebrate a public mass in honor of the day. The Archbishop, however, remained at the episcopal residence and said private mass in the house chapel. Later he met breakfast with the clergy of the house. Letters and telegrams were received from prelates over the entire country congratulating the archbishop and expressing good wishes for his welfare.

The aged prelate has now almost entirely recovered from the effects of the operation at the Carney Hospital for cataract of the right eye. The operation on the left eye has been avoided by the use of glasses. The physical condition of the archbishop, according to his medical adviser, Dr. John G. Blake of Beacon street, has at no time been better than it is at present. He eats heartily, sleeps well and is able to go for a ride nearly every day.

GLADDEN MAKES NEW ATTACK ON STANDARD OIL

Continued from First Page.

public in the pages of a great magazine, whose publishers could have been severely punished if what he said was not true.

"There was money enough to prosecute slanderers and libelers, but the magnates have exposed their malice, and courts not at all loath to turn them down. Not even a finger has been raised to punish that not a finger has been raised to punish them is evidence that their indictment will not be overthrown.

"Not only from these books, and from the authorities to which I refer, but from a great variety of other sources open to the people of the United States, have I drawn abundant materials for a judgment respecting the Standard Oil Company and its methods. It is thus a matter of common knowledge that the Standard Oil Company has been frequently convicted, sometimes out of its own mouth, of transgressions of the laws of the land.

"A federal judge of the United States District Court denounced their system of rebates as 'gross, illegal and highhanded,' and said of it: 'The discrimination complained of in this case is so unjust and oppressive that it could hardly have been accepted by an honest man having a due regard for the rights of others.'

Brushes Sophistry Aside.

"The plea for the apologists for th company always be that their system of rebates was not illegal until the Interstate Commerce Law had forbidden it. But Judge Speer brushes this sophistry aside. He declares that the charter of every railway involves the obligation to carry for every person offering business under like circumstances at the same rate, and that discriminations are in violation of sound public policy and are forbidden by law.

"If it were not so, the managers of railways, in connection with others in competing lines of capital, could control the business of the country, at least to the extent that the business was dependent upon the cheap transportation for its success, and make and unmake the fortunes of men at will.

"This is precisely what the Standard Oil Company is charged with doing through all its history, and the solemn declaration of a judge of the United States Court that it is 'greatly abhorrent to all fair minds' finds no echo in every honest heart. It was but a small amount that the company was compelled by the decision of Judge Speer to refund, but the words of Judge Barrer apply with equal force to the great bulk of the transactions of this company with the railroads for a period of ten or twelve years, and describe a kind of operation under which they extorted from the railroads, and through the railroads, many millions of dollars. It was by help of this secret and oppressive exercise of power that this stupendous monopoly was built up.

No Appeal From Judgment.

"The Standard Oil Company, with its present power to rule and run the business of the country, could not have existed but for this illegal and outrageous use of the railroads in the extermination of competitors. There was never any appeal from Judge Baxter's judgment in this case, and if anything is to be settled in the courts it was settled then that it was by the help of these methods that this fortune has been reared. However persistently, in accepting its verdict, we may shut our eyes to these facts, millions of the American people are fully informed concerning them.

"There are other facts of less notorious. It is known that the managers of combination, after doing business illegally as a trust for ten years, were compelled by a decree of a Supreme Court of Ohio to dissolve their organization and go out of business. Their entire procedure during all that time had been in violation of law. They found in New Jersey, of course, a legal outfit for carrying on their depredations.

"On various occasions they have been constrained to make distinct confession respecting the nature of their business. In 1879, when their leaders were under indictment for conspiracy, they refused to answer questions put to them by an investigating committee, on the plea that if they did so they would implicate themselves; and again, in 1888, when ordered by the Legislature of Ohio to produce their books in court, the secretary of the Standard Oil Company of Ohio made oath that he could not do so without incriminating both the company and himself.

Methods Dishonorable.

"The American people know all these things and many more like them. More than this, they are fully aware that the business methods of the company, even when not technically illegal, are often utterly dishonorable. Competitive business at its best state is apt to be hard and merciless, but it recognizes certain principles of decency and fair play. It is a game, and it is played by what the rules of the game are fairly observed by honorable competitors.

"It is the simple truth to say that the Standard Oil Company from the beginning has violated all these rules. It has played continually with stacked cards and loaded dice. On the football field or in the prize ring such unsportsmanlike behavior would be executed.

"There is a kind of competition which the German law makes criminal. This is the kind of competition which this company has practiced. The system of rebates is, of course, the most abhorrent of these practices. It is often said that the acceptance of rebates has been generally universal on the part of large shippers, but the kind of rebates extorted by this company—rebates not only on its own shipments, but on all those of its competitors, ordinary concerns could never have collected.

"Other gigantic combinations are now enforcing the same kind of tribute from its dependent dealers, but it is palpable that only the aggregations of wealth which are able to dominate the railroads could compel them to collect tribute for their benefit from their competitors. There is nothing more startling or more ominous in American history than the fact that such a tremendous injustice has been permitted to go on year after year, with no interference by the government.

Rockefeller the Inventor.

"Of this kind of extortion Mr. Rockefeller has the credit of being the inventor. . . . It was one that he has wielded most mercilessly in the destruction of his competitors. Others have since learned the art, but the credit of originating it must be given to him. Is it not entirely clear that no such thing as this elementary act of justice, could ever have conceived of it?

"Besides this colossal wrong, many practices of the utmost lasciviousness have characterized this business. The shredding of local railway freight agents, by whom full reports have been sent to the Standard of all shipments arriving at the stations from competitors, and the bribery of the employes of competitors to reveal to the Standard the secrets of their employers' business; especially the contemptible manner in which prices are always cut to kill competition and then raised as soon as it is killed, and every poor oil peddler anywhere in the land selling other than Standard Oil is dogged and driven from his livelihood by this giant—these are illustrations of a kind of thing which does not deserve to bear the name of business. In Miss Tarbell's chapter on 'Cutting to Kill' will be found photographic reproductions of the kind of 'reports' made to this company and many letters from dealers all over the land reciting their experience.

No Defence for Brigands.

"Let no man say that such methods as these are characteristic of American commerce. What do the reputable business men mean who come forward to defend or to apologize for this brigandage? Do they wish to associate themselves with the enormity of this nature? Do they want us to believe that they are guilty of crimes of this fashion? It is Pharisaism to claim a higher standard of business morality than that which rules in such transactions?

"Such are a few of the notorious facts upon which the American people have made up their judgment respecting the business of the Standard Oil Company. If business gains are not to be welcomed into the Lord's treasury, a serious mistake must have been made in soliciting these.

"It is sometimes said that this man and this company are only the products of bad social conditions. But history shows that they are producers more than products. They have done more to create these evil social conditions than any score of other agencies.

"We are often asked why we single out this man for reprobation. If the answer has not already been given it is enough to say that we did not single him out; it was the Standard Oil Company from the beginning has violated all these rules. It is object to his gift morals that we object before us for judgment. It is said that there are others from whom a gift would be equally objectionable. Even if that were true, no gifts have been offered by these others, and it will be time to decide about them when they are offered. Cause must stand on its own merits.

"What there may be others with whom the churches ought to refuse alliance is not of these people. It is often said that the acceptance of rebates has been generally universal on the part of large shippers, but the kind of rebates extorted by this company—rebates not only on its own shipments, but on all those of its competitors, ordinary concerns could never have collected.

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Church Loses Respect.

"Is it not plain that the association into which the church is being drawn in its solicitation of this gift must be full of injury to the cause and of bitterness and embarrassing and humiliating to the people upon whom it depends for support? Surely there are those with whom we can not be profitably yoked together, and we beseech our churches, before it is too late, to consider well the harm which this alliance is sure to work in several directions.

"The church which accepts the Standard Oil Company as its yoke-fellow can hardly hope to keep the respect of right-minded young men and women. Tens of thousands of these have been studying social problems in our colleges and universities, and their minds are clear upon the bearing of these social questions.

"The church which for money is ready to condone social injustice will lose its hold on these young men. They are ready to understand the law of Christ, and they have studied the record of His life, and they know that there can be no agreement between them. They will either go elsewhere for their religion, or, as too many of them have already been, be drawn by the example of those who ought to be their guides into complaisance with what they condemn, and their moral standards will be lowered an d their characters endangered.

"Let no man dismiss this as chimera; the church is in great danger of inflicting terrible injury upon the youth of this generation. It is in danger of striking a fatal blow at her own life.

Wealthy Run the Churches.

"The effect upon the working people of the churches, but the whole of the non-church-going class must also be well considered. There are many explanations, some of them valid, for the increasing alienation of the industrious. But one cause is the almost universal belief that the churches are subservient to the relations with unscrupulous and predatious wealth.

"A good many of the churches are trying hard to correct this impression and to remove the grounds of it. But how can the separation between the churches and the working people, which is daily rending the bone and sinew of our population, is a tragedy fraught with peril to Christianity. We had hoped that our Congregational churches would be free from responsibility for this misunderstanding with them, but the effect of the acceptance of this gift will be to widen and deepen the chasm between the churches and those whom they most need to reach.

"It is fatuous to doubt it. From all over the land, already, the testimony is pouring in showing that this is sure to happen. By the working people, by the average people, everywhere, the protest against the acceptance of the gift was met with a glad outcry on Fast day or Thanksgiving; while the tidings that it has been overruled has called forth bitter words of despairing indignation.

"If the church wishes to regain its hold upon the people who heed its Master gladly, it must keep itself free from such alliances as this.

"The truth is that the great masses of the American people have very clear and definite ideas respecting the sources from which this gift has come. They never can be persuaded that friendship with such a company is not suspicious and shameful. They will insist on believing that churches, as well as men, are bought by the company they keep, and they will not long support a church which thus cultivates the society and co-operation of men in whose hands the principles of Christ are betrayed.

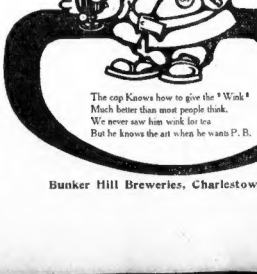
"Finally, the national aspects of this question press upon our attention. This nation is facing a period of history of unexampled easy going optimism may ignore it, but the thoughtful discern corporate greed and industrial freedom. Enormous aggregations of wealth are seeking to gather up the control, not only the railroads and the oil fields, but many other lines of industry, but the government itself. This power already has a heavy hand on industry and enterprise.

Struggle is Coming.

"Thoughtful men confront the future with sober misgivings. If we want to save the nation from the vast oppressions that are sure to provoke reactions we must gird ourselves for a mighty struggle. Above all this warfare the Christian churches must rise, and we are appealing to them to fight for equal opportunity, witnesses for the liberty with which Christ makes us free.

"Now, it is undeniable that among the powers and influences which have led the nation into this peril and which now threatens us the peril arising from aggregations of selfish wealth none has been more potent or more ruthless than that which it is now proposed to take into partnership in our missionary work.

"It is an impossible suggestion. As Christian men we must think of it. As we must keep our churches from all entanglements with the enemies of our country, no matter in which guise they may appear. Failure here will be the costliest blunder that the church has ever made."



VAN NOSTRAND'S

The cop Knows how to give the "Wink"
Much better than most people think.
We never saw him wink for tea
But he knows the art when he wants P. B.

Bunker Hill Breweries, Charlestown, Mass.

Houghton & Dutton

GREAT SHOE SALE

Friday and Saturday!

SPECIAL BRAND SHOES

Made Expressly for This Sale.

Women's High-Grade Boots and Oxfords

The "Lenox," a pair ..... 3.00 and 3.50
The "Vassar," a pair 2.50
The "Columbia," a pair 2.08

10,000 pairs of these money-savers now in stock. Don't fail to see them, as you will find every new style and all leathers represented in these lines. You will also save much money.

THE "BEACON" STREET BOOTS FOR MEN

New Oxfords, Price **2.98** a Pair

The best medium-priced Shoes to be found in Boston. We have them in up-to-date styles, suitable for students and smart dressers.

A SPECIAL LOT

Of Men's Oxfords and Balmorals in a variety of leathers. All $4.00 values, price $2.49 a pair ..... $2.49 A Pair

BARGAIN COUNTER SALE

WOMEN'S OXFORDS.

1,500 pairs of Women's Oxford Ties, a factory job, in 30 styles. Worth $1.50 and $2.00 a pair, in all leathers, at only

98c Per Pair

STAGE SHOES. 1,000 pairs of Women's Stage, House and Street Oxford Ties, in 50 styles. All worth from $2.00 to $3.50 a pair; your choice, per pair **1.49**

"PROTECTION" SCHOOL SHOES For Girls and Boys. New tan goods just received. Entire line warranted. The prices run from, per pair ..... **98c** to **1.98**

MEN'S SHOES A bargain in Men's good serviceable shoes, in box calf, tan, vici and patent calf, all sizes. Marked at, per pair **1.98**

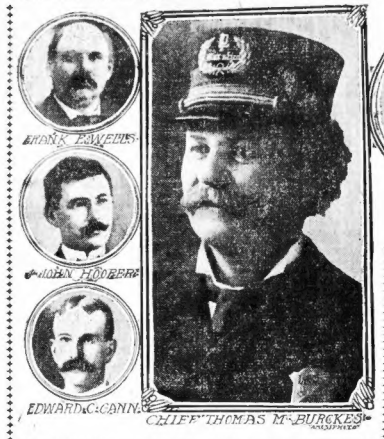
TAN SHOES FOR BOYS Oxfords and Balmorals. A factory stock. Excellent value. Sizes 9 to 13½ ..... 98c Sizes 1 to 5½ 1.25

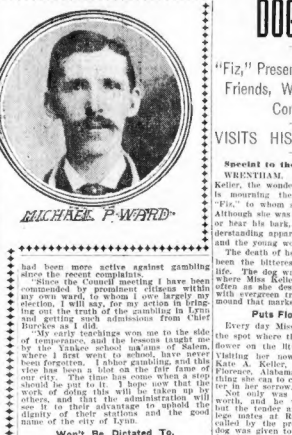
TURKISH SLIPPERS Our Spring importation of Ladies' Turkish Slippers in all colors and sizes. A regular 75c value at, per pair **45c**

WORTH OF **$8000** SEASONABLE SHOES

On sale in our Tremont Street Department. All marked extremely low to clear.

LYNN POLICE CRISIS DUE TO GAMBLING DISCLOSURES





LYNN POLICE CHIEF AND COUNCIL MEMBERS

Citizens, Aroused, Will Demand Reorganization of the Force and Better Protection.

Chief Admits He Is Not Able to Stop Writing of Policy Slips.

Continued from First Page.

refund of $100,000 in the construction of the Walden Pond dam. Mayor Henry M. Eastman, chairman of the committee on police; Frank E. Wells, president of the Board of Aldermen, and Martin Call, a member of the committee on police.

Councilman Cann endeavored to prevent the city marshal from appearing before the Council to complain of the workings of his department, on the ground that the order offered by Councilman Ward was illegal inasmuch as the Chief was that he had been more active against gambling since the recent complaints.

"Since the Council meeting I have been commended by prominent citizens within my own ward, to whom I owe largely my election, I will say, for my action in bringing out the truth of the gambling in Lynn and getting such admissions from Chief Burckes as I did.

"My early teachings won me to the side of temperance, and the lessons taught me by the Yankee school teachers of Salem, where I first went to school, have never been forgotten. I abhor gambling, and this vice has been a blot on the fair fame of our city. The time has come when a stop should be put to it. I hope now that the work of doing this will be taken up by others, and that the administration will see it to their advantage to uphold the dignity of their stations and the good name of the city of Lynn.

Won't Be Dictated To.

"I am not pledged to any party nor will I be dictated to by any one. The office was forced on me and I have tried at all times to do my duty and further the interests of the city and its people."

Councilman Ward is thirty-seven years old. He is married and has three children, two sons and a daughter, his oldest child, a boy twelve years old. He is employed at the General Electric Works. He is a prominent members of the Foresters and the Father Mathew Temperance Society of Lowell. He was born in Ireland.

Councilman Hooper and Cann are shoe cutters employed in local factories. Both are men of families. Mr. Cann is in his third year as a member of the Council, while Mr. Hooper is in his first year.

Alderman Frank E. Wells, President of that body and a member of the committee on police, is deputy sheriff of Essex county. He was formerly city marshal, being succeeded nine years ago in that office by the present incumbent. He is a brother of Police Inspector Arthur G. Wells. He is in his third year as a member of the Board of Aldermen.

Martin L. Call, the third member of the committee on police, is a merchant in Lynn and has been in the City Government for a number of years. Mayor Henry M. Eastman is a prominent member of the Forresters. W. Eastham was elected Mayor for the ensuing year by political motives. In defence of his order Mr. Cann said:

"I am not opposed to the truth, and I am opposed to gambling, but I first want to know why the committee on police were not asked to explain the questions, and, secondly, I am positive that politics have led the authors of this order to bring the chief before us.

Had No Instructions.

Councilman Ward, in an interview with a reporter for the BOSTON AMERICAN, said:

"I am perfectly satisfied with the intelligence gathered from Chief Burckes, and some of his admissions were more than I had counted on getting from him.

"The most important admission was that he had never been instructed by the committee on police to suppress gambling in the various places in Lynn."

Second in importance is his admission that he had received no complaint from the city marshal from appearing before the Council to complain of the workings of his department, on the ground that the order offered by Councilman Ward was illegal inasmuch as the Chief was that he had been more active against gambling since the recent complaints.

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HELEN KELLER MOURNS PET DOG'S DEATH

"Fiz," Presented to Her by Her Friends, Was Her Faithful Companion.

VISITS HIS GRAVE DAILY

Special to the Boston American.

WRENTHAM, April 27.—Miss Helen Keller, the wonderful deaf and blind girl, is mourning the death of her pet dog, "Fiz," to whom she was deeply attached. Although she was unable to see the animal or hear his bark, there was a perfect understanding apparently between the animal and the young woman.

The death of her pet and companion has been the bitterest grief of Miss Keller's life. The dog was buried in a pretty spot where Miss Keller can visit the grave as often as she desires. On a sunny slope with evergreen trees near by is the fresh mound that marks the grave of her dog.

Puts Flowers on Grave.

Every day Miss Keller takes a walk to the spot where the body lies and drops a flower on the little heap of fresh earth. Visiting her now in her grief is Mrs. Kate A. Keller, the girl's mother, from Florence, Alabama. She has done everything she can to comfort her famous daughter in her sorrow.

Not only was the dog valued for his worth, and he was a splendid animal, but the tender associations with her college notes at Radcliffe were always recalled by the presence of the pet. The dog was given to Miss Keller by her girl friends, and the story of the present is one of the most charming incidents of her college life.

When Miss Keller was in her sophomore year she and Miss Sullivan, her teacher, and a group of her classmates went to Newton, where they visited the kennels of a prominent man who owned many valuable dogs. The young women were delighted with the dogs shown them and caressed the high-bred animals with loving pats and gentle words.

Miss Keller always loved dumb animals, and has great influence with them. None of the dogs showed the least combative spirit when she approached them, although some of the other girls did not meet with such approval.

"I'll show you another kind of a dog," said the owner.

"He is kind and gentle, but he will not make friends with any of you. It is only after he has known a person a great while that he shows his friendship and affection."

Made Friends With Miss Keller.

The man opened the door and a large, handsome animal bounded into the room, at the bevy of young women in an astonished manner, but at first made no move toward any of them. Then to the great surprise of his owner the dog walked straight up to Miss Keller and laid his head down her knees. She caressed him lovingly for a few minutes, when the man started to put the dog back in his kennel.

But Sir Thomas, as the dog was then known, would not move. The man tried coaxing in vain and finally had to lead the dog by the collar and tear him away from the girl by force.

The action of the dog made a great impression on the blind girl which was not lost to her companions. A cocker spaniel which Miss Sullivan had given to Miss Keller had died and the girls conceived the idea of purchasing the dog for her. When the matter was laid before the owner he reduced the price of the dog to $100, although it was valued at a much higher figure, and the dog was bought and presented to Miss Keller. Miss Keller named the dog's name to "Fiz." Upon him she lavished a wealth of affection in his death she has lost a dear friend.

BIGELOW EMBEZZLEMENT NOW IS ESTIMATED AT $3,000,000

Developments Show It to Be Biggest Bank Defalcation on Record.

Confesses to Shortage of $100,000 in Estate of Which He Was Trustee.

Boston American Leased Wire.

MILWAUKEE, April 27.—Developments of the last few hours have shown that the embezzlements of Frank G. Bigelow, former president of the First National Bank, will amount to $3,000,000, the largest bank defalcation ever recorded in the United States. All of the money was lost in the wheat market. Ruin and an indefinite imprisonment are now Bigelow's fate.

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Bigelow in the United States District Court, which contains the names of as many of Mr. Bigelow's creditors as he can remember, together with a list of assets on which his valuation is $1,419,-000. His creditors are scattered all over the United States.

Bigelow was trustee, without bonds, of two large estates, and in one of these he admits a shortage of $100,000. This is the estate of E. H. Brodhead. The other estate for which he was trustee was that of the late Pachuta Mineral Paint. Bigelow insists that this is intact. Investigation of this private account is now under way.

At his home in Astor street, the most exclusive section of the city, Bigelow is taking matters calmly. He is now under heavy bonds, and the officials of the bank declare they will prosecute the fullest extent of the law. Here is a statement made by Bigelow in reference to his affairs:

Resigns Offices.

"I owe John C. Broadhead of Kingston, N. Y., an heir of the estate of E. H. Broadhead, $100,000. I expected Mr. Broadhead would reach Milwaukee to-day, but up to a late hour he had not arrived. I expect to make satisfactory arrangements with Mr. Broadhead with regard to the amount of my indebtedness to him.

"I have resigned as executor of the estate of Henry C. Payne and will probably resign as executor of the Broadhead estate. These are the only estates with which I have had any connection.

"I have resigned as director of the Wisconsin Telephone Company and have severed my connection with the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company and the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company."

Many Banks His Creditors.

Directors of the First National Bank admitted to-day that the precarious condition of Mr. Bigelow's personal fortune was known to banking officials as early as the first of the year. This statement was made by John L. Hogan, a director, in denying a report that the bank would be unable to recover about $1,800,000 of stock held by Mr. Bigelow in the National Electric Company.

The unprecedented extent of the combined creditors of Bigelow have amazed men who have known him for a little time. At first thought to be $1,500,000, it now seems that he borrowed $3,000,000 precisely from the bank.

Banks in New York Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee are his creditors, but all hold securities. Half a dozen local institutions gave him $250,000 each. In New York he got $250,000 from the National Park and $80,000 each from the National City and National Bank of Commerce. All held his security. In addition to this he borrowed money from his friends, giving his personal notes.

FRANK G. BIGELOW, MILWAUKEE BANK MAN, WHO EMBEZZLED $3,000,000

WALL STREET PRICES BREAK

Prices in the Wall Street market suffered a further break to-day, partly in sympathy with the weakness in wheat. At times there was heavy selling of the standard issues, and this was particularly noticeable in the case of United States steel preferred, American Smelting and Refining, Louisville & Nashville and Union Pacific.

The drop in these shares amounted to between one and two points.

The Boston market was fairly steady in tone

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p.m.
Adventure	2¾	2¾
Allouez	2⅞	2⅞
*Amalgamated	84	85
Am. Ag. Ch.	27½	27½
Am. Ag. Ch. preferred	90¾	90¾
American Telephone	141½	141½
American Pneumatic	30¾	30¾
American Sugar	140¾	140¾
American Woolen	38¾	38¾
American Woolen preferred	90¾	90¾
Bingham	37⅜	37⅜
Boston Elevated	152¾	152¾
Boston & Maine	179	179
Calumet & Hecla	590	590
Centennial	20	19
Copper Range	65¾	65¾
Daly-West	15	14½
Dominion	44	44
Isle Royale	24¾	25¼
Mass. Electric	28	28
Mass. Electric preferred	68	68
Mass. Gas	88	88
Mass. Gas preferred	94	94
Mohawk	51	51
N. Y. N. H. & H.	204¾	204¾
Old Dominion	25¾	25¾
Osceola	90¾	90¾
Parrott	26	25¾
Quincy	147	147
Shannon	9¾	9¾
Shaw Machinery	93½	93½
Tamarack	122	122
Trinity	9	9
United States Steel	39¾	39¾
United States Steel preferred	102¾	103¼
United Fruit	104¾	104¾
U. S. Mining	32¾	32¾
U. S. Pacific	74¾	74¾
Utah	40¾	40¾
Western Tel. preferred	87¾	87¾
Winona	12¾	12¾
Wolverine	108	108

*Ex. dividend.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p.m.
Amal. Copper	70¾	70¾
Amer. Car & Foundry	30¾	30¾
Amer. Loco	54	54
Amer. Steel Foundry	27¾	27¾
American Sugar	141¾	141¾
Anaconda	39¾	39¾
Atchison	80¾	80¾
Atchison pfd.	102¾	102¾
Baltimore & Ohio	107½	107½
Brooklyn Transit	80¾	80¾
Canadian Pacific	171	171
Ches. & Ohio	52¾	52¾
Chicago, Gt. West.	22¾	22¾
Chic., Mil. & Pgt.	178¾	178¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. P.	168¾	168¾
Delaware & Hudson	189	189
Denver	34¾	34¾
Erie 1st pfd.	74¾	74¾
General Electric	178	178
Illinois Central	149½	149½
Louisville & Nashville	135¾	135¾
Manhattan Elevated	157¾	157¾
Metropolitan	118	118
Missouri Pacific	97¾	97¾
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	36¾	36¾
M., K. & Texas pfd.	65¾	65¾
New York Central	151	151
Norfolk & Western	57¾	57¾
Northwestern	207	207
Pennsylvania	134¾	134¾
People's Gas	104¾	104¾
Reading	161¾	161¾
Rock Island	30¾	30¾
Southern Pacific	67¾	67¾
Southern Ry.	27¾	27¾
Texas Pacific	29¾	29¾
Third Ave.	124¾	124¾
Union Pacific	111¾	111¾
U. S. Leather	8¾	8¾
U. S. Leather pfd.	91¾	91¾
U. S. Steel	39¾	39¾
U. S. Steel pfd.	102¾	103¼
Wabash	21¾	21¾
Wabash pfd.	47¾	47¾
Wisconsin Central	32¾	32¾
Western Union	95¾	95¾

CHILDREN TOLD WOMAN SPARGO MEANT MURDER

Despite Warning, Quincy Mother Returns and Double Killing Results.

Special to the Boston American.

QUINCY, April 27.—Despite the warnings that she had received from her children that Mrs. Sparge would kill her, Mrs. Elizabeth Sparge, wife of Albert T. Sparge, braved the danger and was killed. As she lay sleeping in the house, No. 184 Franklin street, her husband carried out the threats he had made to the children and shot his wife.

Sparge immediately turned the weapon to his own head and fired a ball into the body, dying three hours later. Mrs. Sparge was dead when found. The bullet reached the chamber.

A note found in Sparge's clothing showed that he had contemplated the crime since Sunday.

"I have stood this thing as long as I can, and intend to end it all," the note says. It is not signed, but it is in Sparge's handwriting and is dated April 23.

Mrs. Sparge had returned from a visit to her father, Roderick Morrison, of Stony Creek, Ct., a few days ago. While she was away her husband was at work at home and to his two children, William and Leonard, often spoke of killing his wife on her return.

Told Her to Stay Away.

The children had written their mother many letters, imploring her not to return home, as they were sure their father would kill her. Mrs. Andrew T. Mclntosh, her sister, with whom Mrs. Sparge lived, also feared that Sparge would kill her, and wrote her not to come back.

Mrs. Sparge paid no attention to the warnings and returned a few days ago. A day or two ago Sparge renewed his acquaintance against his wife.

Last night the couple retired at their usual hour. Some hours later Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh, who roomed below the Sparges, were awakened by what sounded like a muffled revolver shot. Mr. McIntosh got up and on entering the Sparges' room, he found Mrs. Sparge lying across the bed, her face covered with blood, and Sparge kneeling on the floor, his arms resting on the bed.

Says Sparge Was Insane.

Mr. McIntosh summoned Patrolman John Dunphy, who entered the room. He quickly summoned Dr. Jones, the medical examiner. When the physician arrived Sparge was dead.

To a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, Mrs. McIntosh described how the unhappy wife left her husband found the dead woman and her slayer.

"I have no doubt my sister's husband was insane," she said. "I know that while they lived in Stony Creek, our home, including my self, was kept in a state of constant misery by his repeated accusations. He even hid in the coal bin one night to see if anyone called, and another time stayed all day under a chair.

The couple had been married since March 23, 1901. Mrs. Sparge is the son of Councilman William T. Sparge and is a granite cutter. The couple moved here from Stony Creek but a short time ago. The dead woman was thirty-three years of age and her husband thirty-eight.

MISSING MAN RETURNS.

After being missing from his home, No. 61 Glenway street, Dorchester, since April 17, George W. Trade, a veteran of the Civil War, sixty-five years of age, strolled into the house last night, took a bath, and refused without explaining anyone the slightest information as to where he has been. The family searched for him throughout the State, but couldn't find the slightest trace of him.

REV. DR. DOWSE IS DEAD AT 93

Chaplain of Massachusetts Senate 25 Years, Dies at His Sherborn Home.

The Rev. Dr. Edmund Dowse, who served as chaplain of the Massachusetts Senate for a quarter of a century, died at his home in Sherborn to-day.

Dr. Dowse was ninety-three years of age. He is survived by a widow, Mrs. E. Dowse of West Newton, a son, and one daughter, Mrs. D. P. H. Coolidge.

Dr. Dowse will be buried from the Pilgrim Congregational church on Saturday. He occupied the pulpit of that church for over sixty-five years. The Rev. Dr. E. E. Strong of West Newton, secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions, will conduct the services.

Dr. Dowse was born in Sherborn September 7, 1812, and for several years was distinguished as the leading academician of Amherst.

He studied theology with the late Rev. Daniel S. Talcott, pastor of the Evangelical Church, and on October 16, 1838, was ordained to the ministry of Pilgrim Church at Sherborn, a position he held until March, 1904, when his resignation was accepted, but only as regarded the payment of his salary, as Dr. Dowse was "settled for life."

He was long a member of the Massachusetts Senate and for twenty-five consecutive years chaplain of that body. His resignation from that position came early in January, 1904, and shortly after his re-election.

DITCH CAVES IN; 2 MEN BURIED

While digging in a ditch at the corner of Milk and Devonshire streets this morning Mattio Decutton and Sebastino Bruno, two laborers, were buried by the caving in of the sides. The men were hastily dug out and taken to the Relief Station, where it was found their injuries were not serious.

Both men were at the bottom of the ditch, eight feet below the street, digging for a gas pipe when the accident occurred. The cellar of a new building being erected on the north corner of the excavation. The traffic on the asphalt pavement caused the cave-in.

SUNSET TO-DAY ENDS PASSOVER

With the setting of the sun to-day the Passover holiday on the Hebrew calendar of the year 5665 or 1905 comes to an end. During the past two days the Orthodox Jews have done no work, and the time has been spent in the synagogues in prayer or in the homes in feasting.

The Passover observances began at sunset on Wednesday last. In the homes of believers throughout the world no bread has been eaten since, for when the Israelites were banished from Egypt into the wilderness they did not have time to bake their bread. The sun's rays dry the unleavened bread, is eaten.

NOT 'TAINTED,' SAID VATICAN

ROME, April 27.—The question of "tainted money" has come before the Vatican. One Lauthier had formed the order of Advocates of St. Peter, in Paris, as an equestrian order, and was selling decorations. Disowned by the Vatican, Lauthier retorted that a portion of the receipts had been given to the Vatican.

The reply was that the money had been accepted as coming from a society that desired to support the Church, but that the pretensions that the Advocates of St. Peter was an equestrian order had never been recognized.

TRIPLE HANGING IN PITTSBURG

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 27.—The first triple execution in the criminal records of Allegheny County took place in the jail yard to-day. Walter Olney, Charles Jackson and Charles Miles, negroes, were hanged for the murder of Ivan Klunor May 8 last, at Leetsdale.

The negroes broke up Klunor and another Hungarian on a country road near Leetsdale. After robbing them they shot Klunor.

Jackson, also known as "Country Pat," was one of the most desperate hold-up men in the country.

FINE 2 FIREMEN AS INCENDIARIES

Charged with being an accessory to the setting of a fire in Needham Tuesday night Horseman George Mullen of the Needham Fire Department was held in $500 bail before Judge Grover at Dedham. Harris Stilson, charged with being the principal, was fined $5 and costs on default. Neither was able to pay and in default both were committed to the Dedham House of Correction. Mullen and Stilson are each nineteen years old.

RHEUMATISM

GET IT TO-DAY

Price 25c

Cures Rheumatism Sciatica Lumbago Stiff and Swollen Joints.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS

MUNYON, Philadelphia

"The Old Story," Says Bigelow

"IT is the old story. It is not unlike that of the small clerk who borrows a $5 bill from the till of his employers to bet on the races. He thinks he is going to make a tidy sum. But, alas, he loses and then borrows $10 to get even. He gets further and further in, always hoping to make a grand strike, settle up and quit his gambling.—FRANK G. BIGELOW.

300 ATTEND BALL OF ST. JOSEPH'S A. A.

The St. Joseph's Athletic Association, one of the best-known and most influential organizations in the West End, gave its fourth annual ball last evening in Copley Hall. About 300 attended, including several clergymen and a number of men prominent as legislators in Washington and this city.

QUARTER SIZES

in 75 Styles of Regal

ANKLE-FIT OXFORDS

$3.50

'PEG'
One of the snappiest models of the year. A great favorite with young business and college men. Made in Black Gun Metal, Russet and Patent Leathers, with light extension soles and military heels.

'PICCADILLY'
Stylish without being extreme. This plain lace Oxford is just the shoe for a conservative dresser.
One of the successes of the season.

The new Regal Oxfords are most remarkably different from any other line of low-cut shoes that can be shown to you.

We have built all of this Spring's Oxfords on special Oxford lasts, while other manufacturers are still using *one* set of lasts for both high shoes and Oxfords. Regal Oxfords cannot chafe at the heel nor gape at the sides—while other Oxfords are almost certain to do *both*.

We have produced a complete line of new Oxfords in *Quarter Sizes* while other manufacturers are still offering you *Half Sizes* as their nearest approach to perfect fit.

We *say* we offer you a "six-dollar shoe at the wholesale price"—and we *prove* it with the "Window of the Sole" and the famous Regal buzz-saw.

We *say* the Regal will outwear any shoe made, at *any* price—and we *guarantee* it.

SEND FOR STYLE BOOK. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Sold direct from tannery to consumer. The largest retail shoe business in the world. 93 stores in principal cities from London to San Francisco.

A fit for every foot, and a style for every occasion

REGAL

THE SHOE THAT PROVES

TANNERY TO CONSUMER $3.50

BOSTON—MEN'S STORES: 169 Tremont St. 248 Washington St., Globe Annex. 113 Summer St., cor. Bedford St. WOMEN'S STORES: 109 Summer St. 169 Tremont St.

COLONEL COLE TAKES OATH

Colonel Charles H. Cole, Jr., who was appointed Police Commissioner by Governor Douglas to fill the vacancy made by the retirement of Commissioner Curtis, took the oath of office before Governor Douglas and the Council to-day and qualified as chairman of the board. He will assume the duties of the office Monday morning.

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

'GIBBY' MAY PITCH FOR CHAMPS

The Harvard varsity team will go after Bates this afternoon with a spirit to make up for that whipping Amherst administered Tuesday. Bates has a fair team, though Andover defeated her last Tuesday, 9 to 8.

Harvard will show one new face, Bradbury, who is Matthews's understudy for short. He will graze in the left garden, where Mitchell attempted to play Tuesday. Castle, the lean man, will serve up Harvard's tenners, received by the old standby, Stephenson. Dexter, who is trying out second while Kemble is sick, will play again there.

The Harvard freshman team sorted out their bats and picked out enough of Hall's benders to their liking to send Noble & Greenough's School team away from Soldiers Field with a substantial defeat, 6 to 2. The Crimson youngsters did up the affair in short order, and fielded the ball cleanly, ran bases well, and got their first game of the season.

The Harvard crew was apparently taken up in a blanket and thrown into the shell, for the day's outing, Flint, the bow oar, being the only man to stay at his position.

The shift was but temporary, caused by the absence of Meier, who had to go to a wedding some other man's). It is stated that the crews will get shifted again to-day, but what will be the result then is hard to say.

Captain Filley stroked the shell for the day, and Lawson came out of the second shell, where he has only been a day or two, to take his place at six. Then Corbett, a second crew man, took George's place at seven, and Montgomery, another second, rowed in Meier's place. Kellogg tried the fourth oar instead of Howard, a second crew man, pulling two George dropped from seven to three, in the varsity, and only Flint remained in his position, bow.

BATTING ORDER.

HARVARD.	BATES.
Randall, lb.	Bowman, c.
Leonard, ss.	Rice, lb.
Matthews, s. s.	Austin, s. s.
Stephenson, c.	Wright, 2b.
Schaufler, c. f.	Kendall, c.
Dexter, 2b.	Lord, 3b.
McCarty, r. f.	Reeves, l. f.
Gardner, p.	Chamberlain, c. f.
Bradbury, l. f.	Wilder, r. f.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	7	2	.778
Philadelphia	6	3	.667
New York	6	3	.667
Washington	5	3	.500
St. Louis	3	5	.375
Cleveland	2	5	.286
Chicago	2	6	.250
BOSTON	2	6	.250

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

BOSTON vs. Washington, at Boston.
Philadelphia at New York.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Cleveland at Detroit.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Boston—Washington 2, Boston 1.
At New York—New York 4, Philadelphia 3.
At Detroit—Detroit 5, Cleveland 0.
At St. Louis—Chicago-St. Louis game, postponed, wet grounds.

Total attendance (34 games)..... 203,787

BATTING ORDER.

BOSTON.	WASHINGTON.
Burkett, l. f.	Jones, c. f.
Parent, s. s.	Hill, 2b.
Selbach, r. f.	Stahl, lb.
Collins, 3b.	Hickman, l. f.
Freeman, r. f.	Casedy, s. s.
Lachance, 1b.	Malley, 3b.
Ferris, 2b.	Cassidy, r. f.
Montgomery, c.	Kittredge, c.
Gibson, p.	Wolfe, p.
Umpire—"Silk" O'Loughlin.	

With the confidence borne of success the Nationals will play the Boston Americans for the second time to-day. According to the dope books the Hub team is due to win—overdue in fact—and if this "cultured city" bunch doesn't win from the erstwhile "Easy Marks," then the local betting fraternity will be deeper in the financial hole than ever.

Bill Wolfe, the south-paw, swapped by Charles Griffith to the Washington tribe, along with Tom Hughes, for Orth, is scheduled to go into the box to-day. He is heeling fit as the proverbial dickie, and under such conditions there is no telling what may happen to our beloved Champs.

Bostons Weak at Bat.

It seems that the Bostons are very weak when it comes to batting left-handed pitchers, and with Wolfe in the box, the Nationals may have an opportunity to climb higher in the ladder. As the old adage is paraphrased, "When Wolfe comes in at the Hub the bird of victory roosts elsewhere."

However, Jimmy Collins is complacent, as if the Bostons were winning games galore.

Somebody advised Jimmy Collins to "cheer up," with a parting shot to the effect that "the worst was yet to come."

"Oh, I don't mind a little thing like that," responded the Boston captain. "You can't have things coming your way all the time."

"I'm a weak or two things will be breaking different, and we will show the Boston fans that they haven't lost anything by having faith in us.

Criger Mending Fast.

"Lou Criger will be back in the game in about a week. He has a bad leg, but it is gradually rounding into shape. With him back in the game there will not be a club in the league that has anything on us in the catching department.

"Chick Stahl's 'pin' is gaining strength every day, and it would not be surprising if he is able to get into the New York series.

"With those two men back we will be decidedly stronger and ready for any emergency that may present itself. Of course, things are breaking badly for us, but in a short while we expect to have everything with us—even that cornered assaulter, luck.

"If Wolfe does not pitch for the visitors this afternoon Townsend will be sent to the rubber. This 'vet' is still pitching in championship form and stands ready to answer to the call to arms.

Gibson May Pitch.

For the Bostons Norwood Gibson will undoubtedly be the box artist. Despite the opening game the ball city gained the rallying Athletics, which he lost after pitching seven strong innings, by going up in an aerial nucleus in the eight. Gibson expects to win.

Jesse Tannehill, who won his game from the Shawtown aggregation in this city, will be pitched for the Champs. A curbing critical eye detects any defects in "Gibby's" pitching wing before the game.

Washingtons Late Risers.

The Washingtons were rather late risers this morning. They were undoubtedly ghosting over the defeat of the Champs in yesterday's battle.

"Bunch" Norwell, formerly of the Nashville club, joined the crowd this morning. He is a utility man, being able to fill in either at outfield or behind the bat.

Manager Jake Stahl isn't inflated by the success of his team and says that his charges are going to keep plugging and try to beat out of the second division run. The Senators at the start of the season hadn't any higher aspirations than landing some position higher than last year. Now they are trying to make a bid for the lead.

Stahl's Men Fit.

If the brand of ball put up by the Washingtons is any criterion, they will give all the teams in the league a warm race for the pennant. A number of the stockholders of the Washington Ball Club, wagered $2,000 before the season opened that Washington wouldn't win four out of their first thirteen games. This gent figured that as the Nationals were up against the strongest teams, viz. New York and Washington, they wouldn't stand see high.

The records show now that is no to fame to play better ball and do cleaner work with the stick or they will lose the support of the local fans. Therefore they are going in to win to-day at all hazards, and the prospects are bright for them doing so.

HARVARD NINE TO PLAY BATES TODAY

These pictures of three players on the Harvard nine were taken at Carnbridge yesterday by the BOSTON AMERICAN camera artist. The trio of players is Pitcher Taylor, Catcher Tweed and Outfielder McCarty. These players were "caught" going through some strenuous stunts, which Captain Walter Randall thought were compulsory after the inexcusable defeat at the hands of the Amherst nine. Taylor is seen in the act of delivering the sphere to the backstop; Tweed has the big mitt on his hand, while McCarthy is throwing the ball

McCARTY.

McCarty is the only one of the trio printed who is a regular. He plays in the right-field garden, where he has been doing some creditable work. With the willow "Mac" has been doing excellently and is rated one of the best batters on the team. He is well known to the local fans, having played four seasons with the Boston Latin ball teams. Tweed and Taylor are new men

TAYLOR.

TWEED.

HILDEGARDE IS NOW HERE

The schooner yacht Hildegarde, owned by Edward R. Coleman, arrived off South Boston, with her owner on board, having come around the Cape to take on her squaresail yard, stored at Lawley's, for use in the Kaiser's transatlantic cup race, which starts May 16.

BASEBALL WEATHER TODAY

These reports were issued at noon today:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—New York, rain; 3:45 p.m.
At Philadelphia—Boston, fair; 3:30 p. m.
At Pittsburg—Chicago, rain; 3:30 p. m.
At St. Louis—Cincinnati, fair; 3:30 p. m.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At New York—Philadelphia, rain; 4 p. m.
At Boston—Washington, fair; 3:30 p. m.
At Detroit—Cleveland, clear; 3 p. m.
At St. Louis—Chicago, fair; 3:30 p. m.

KELLY DREW WITH DOW.

SALEM, April 27.—Emergency Kelly of Boston and "Custer" Dow of Lynn fought a draw in the main bout before the Young Men's Club. Kelly did all the leading, but met a worthy opponent in the Lynn lad. Two fore rounds Dow had the better of the argument.

Green, a Beverly Swede, obtained the decision over Frank Ah Chung, a Salem Chinaman. Young Peabody beat Merilli of Marblehead. Fleming of Marblehead was the referee.

THE WHITE DENTAL PARLORS
623 WASHINGTON ST. (Opp. R. H. White)

$5 10-YEAR GUARANTEE

Sets $5. Fit or No Pay. Crowns and Bridge Work $5. Gold Fillings $1 up. Other Fillings 50c.

NO MORE DREAD OF THE DENTIST

We have the electrical patents to extract, fill and apply crowns without the least pain or danger. Call and we will examine your mouth free and convince you that we do as we advertise, and tell you in advance what your work will cost. No charge for painless extraction.

Hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays 10 to 4

STAR HARVARD PLAYERS

MELLODY TO MEET DUFFY

CHICAGO, April 27.—Martin Duffy, the local welterweight boxer, has signed articles of agreement for a twenty-round contest in Spokane with Billy "Honey" Mellody of Boston. The contest is to be decided May 12 and will be at 142 pounds at 2 o'clock. Duffy will leave for the scene of the contest Wednesday afternoon. He is in fair shape at the present time. In the men's first meeting Mellody knocked out Duffy in four rounds at Battery D in this city.

JOHN M. IS IN TRAINING

Eddie Rice has taken the pacer John M., 2:02¾, to the Saugus track and will begin training him for races at once. So far this year none of the tracks connected with the Grand Circuit has offered a purse for a 2:03 or free-for-all pacing class, to which John M. is eligible.

Rice will drive the horse in his races.

KID BARRISH IN MAIN BOUT

Kid Barrish, the top of the heap among the newsboy scrappers of the Hub, will appear in the main battle at the Merrimac A. C., Haverhill, at the show to be held there on May 5. His opponent will be that fast little stepper, Al Delmont, of Medford, who has fought the best of them and has a long record of victories to his credit. These boys are to go twelve rounds, and it will be a tough mill the whole distance.

Young Burke of Boston will meet Tommy Bondron of Newton in the semi-final bout of ten rounds, and Young Curley of Lawrence line up with Teddy Atkins of Haverhill for eight rounds.

I CURE MEN

MY GUARANTEE IS: "FIRST I CURE YOU—THEN YOU PAY ME. NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES.

I never fail to cure any case I accept for treatment. I take every case on the above condition, and give a written, binding guarantee to cure to stay cured as directed, or refund every dollar paid me. I am a graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, England; also graduate of Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland; surgeon superintendent New Zealand government service; ex-house surgeon Hospital and Medical institute, Ill.; also graduate Harvard Medical University. By Dr. Collins' New Method I cure every form of weakness of men and daily experiment with cases pronounced incurable by other physicians. I cure Varicocele in 5 Days, Blood Poison in 20 Days, Stricture in 8 Days, Unnatural Discharges in 3 Days, Nervousness in 1 Day, Sleeplessness in 1 Day, Sexual Debility in 5 Days, Impure Dreams in 5 Days, Lost Manhood in 5 Days, Kidney Troubles in 5 Days, Bladder Troubles in 5 Days, Rupture in 20 Days. I cure Stricture in 8 Days. I cure Gonorrhœa in 3 Days. I cure Emissions in 1 Day. I stop Impure Dreams in 5 Days. I cure Nervousness in 1 Day. I cure Varicocele in 5 Days. I cure Blood Poison in 20 Days. I cure Nervous Debility

Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

Mrs. Osborn Pockets

Designs Coat for FISHING.

The Feature of This Remarkable Garment for the Sportswoman.

Oh, the gentle fisher's life,
'Tis the best of any;
'Tis full of pleasure,
void of strife,
And 'tis beloved by many.

—The Angler.

NOW is the time of year when out-door sports again are to the fore, and the woman who has liking for days afield begins to prepare for happy hours by lake and stream. To enjoy the gentle art of angling it is necessary to be suitably clothed, no less than well outfitted with the implements of the sport; and therefore it is not surprising that Mrs. Osborn has been called upon by many of her fair clients for garments specially for fishing.

Of course, rubber boots, or waders, and knickerbockers are a sine qua non; but, after all, the coat is really the principal thing to be considered. Therefore, the wonderful garment shown on this page was evolved. It is probably the most remarkable coat ever made for a woman, in that it is provided with no less than six pockets. At home or for the street or theatre a woman will manage to carry all the little necessaries in a hustling or dangling from various parts of her attire, but the sport of fishing proved too much for the pocketless fad, and the fair amateur of the art is accommodated with a pocket for everything. Fly-book, extra lines, knife, a supply of anti-skeeter mixture, and the various handkerchiefs, powder, etc., needed to remove sunburn and freckles, may all be carried in the capacious pockets.

In fact, this latest creation of Mrs. Osborn's is such a very convenient garment that more than one woman has found it handy for more purposes than fishing.

The coat is of waterproof material in a sort of homespun weave, and has a belt and a belt at the back keeps the folds in place.

There are three very large pockets, on each of which is a smaller one. All six have flaps, buttoned down by round leather buttons. These buttons, with those which fasten to the front of the coat, have a very sportsmanlike air.

The sleeves are straight and loose, ending in a large, turn-back cuff fastened with a button. A buttonhole in each rever, and stitching on the revers, cuffs and pockets are the only other ornamentation.

This coat is also useful as a storm coat, or for driving, automobiling or travelling.

Who knows but that, once woman becomes a devotee of the pocket, she may even find it so convenient that the tight dress will disappear forever in favor of loose, comfortable clothing?

Certainly if that time ever arrives the woman who carries her purse-strings in a factory overall will be glad to be able to be comfortable and at the same time follow the "fashion," which at present forces her to carry the inevitable reticule. Also, she will be a terror to the first meek-thief who meets her under circumstances that give him the least chance of grabbing the bag and making his escape.

What Is the Very Funniest Thing Your Baby Ever Said?

Gems of Humor Out of Mouths of Babes

"I CANNOT tell you how interested I am in your most entertaining contest. My husband and myself read the bright sayings every day and find great amusement in the words of the little folks. And our children are, "possible, more interested in them than we are."

This is but a single quotation from one of dozens of similar letters received by the Bright Sayings Editor.

Real sayings of real children are all that's wanted. Make your letters short and address them Bright Sayings Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, 80-82 Summer street, Boston.

GOD KNOCKED HER DOWN

My little daughter, Marion, when three years old, was dancing around the dining room one evening and I told her to stop that noise, but she kept on a little while longer till she fell down.

"Now," I said, "that's what you get for not minding mamma. God always punishes children when they don't mind their mammas."

The next day my sweet door neighbor came in the kitchen and Marion said:

"Don't go in there, Bertie (meaning the dining room), for God's in there and he'll knock you down. He knocked me down last night."

MRS. L. BOULE.
No. 20 Chestnut street, Waltham.

SAME DOG, NEW FACE

As I sat in the yard one afternoon, watching a man plough my garden, a large dog came in the yard. My neighbor has a dog the same as this one, only it has a black face, and his name is Juno.

On seeing the dog, my baby, three and one-half years old, ran to where he was standing, and, putting his arms around the dog's neck, said:

"Hello, Juno! Goss dot a new face, hatheed oo?"

MRS. H. MACDONALD.
No. 688 Huron avenue, Cambridge.

PICKED UP THE GERMS

While I was house cleaning this Spring my little son, George, aged five years, was sitting on the floor in the room where I was taking up a straw matting. The tacks flew in every direction and he was picking them up and putting them in a box which he had been playing with.

Being surprised at the amount of dust that had collected I said aloud:

"My, what a lot of germs might collect under any such covering."

The little voice from behind exclaimed: "Neber mine, Mamma, I will hep you pick 'em up, see I got a whole box fulled of germs."

MRS. WILLIAM McSHANE.
No. 13 Edmond street, Malden.

MAUD KICKS TOO MUCH

I was singing, "Let's all go up to Maud's," and my little brother Gordon, four years, said:

"You can go, but I don't think I will, because she kicks too much."

MISS ANNA BELLE TOMPKINS.
No. 18 Maverick street, Marblehead.

PLASTERED CAKE

My son Robert is three and one-half years old, and a few days ago there was white frosted cake on the dinner table. He said:

"Ma, I want some of dat cake with plastering on it."

MRS. MARY E. JENNISON.
No. 1502 Main street, Campello.

HIS FIRST QUERY

While out walking my small brother, Robert, aged three years, noticed a very large automobile. After looking at it a moment he queried:

"See! Dottie, see! The horses are all gone and the funny man's driving them."

MISS ETHEL HODSON.
No. 10 Bennington street, East Boston.

MADE HIS BRAINS SHAKE

One day Bobbie was very, very naughty and mamma spanked him. After crying a little he walked up to little sister Myrtle and said:

"Myrtle, is my tongue coated?" showing his tongue.

"No, Bob. Why?"

"Well, she licked me that hard she made my brains shake." G. EVANS.
No. 29 Woodward avenue, Roxbury.

FACE NOT SO JAMMED UP

A new minister had come to town, and his wife and baby and her self went over to sister. My sister's little girl, Edith, age three years, stood by with her eyes fixed intently upon the face of the new comer. Edith's mamma said:

"You don't know this lady do you, Edith?"

"Yes," said Edith, "it is grandma Jackson."

The aforesaid grandma had nearly reached her four score years, while the wife of the minister, whose face was somewhat lined, was not far beyond middle age.

"Why, Edith," said her mamma: "you don't think this lady looks like grandma Jackson, do you?"

"Yes, said Edith, "only but her face ain't so jammed up."

MRS. ELIZABETH A. PALMER.
No. 80 Elm street, Jamaica Plain.

LUKE OR JOHN?

Victor, aged five, was asked to draw some lukewarm water. He brought some in a cup and said:

"Mamma, here is the water, but whether it is Luke warm or John the Baptist warm, I do not know."

MRS. E. L.
Boston.

STANDARD OIL?

A little three-year-old heard his father, in speaking of the salad at dinner one evening, say he would like to have a little more oil. The child asked:

"Papa, is that Standard oil?"

G. K. B. BUFFINGTON.
No. 428 Old South Building.

CHICKEN'S SHIRT

My son Harry, then aged two years and seven months, was visiting his aunt, and had gone out in the barn to play where there was a chicken hanging up waiting to be plucked. In a little while, looking up, he saw that the cut had got up and was chewing the feathers off the chickens neck. After watching it for a little while he ran into his aunt, saying:

"Oh, auntie come quick and see. The cat is chewing the chicken's shirt off!"

MRS. ALEX D. McINTOSH.
No. 18 Rodmen street, South Quincy.

NO MONEY IN MINISTRY

When Halsey was four years old, one day he said:

"Mamma, what do you want me to be when I am a man?"

"I want you to be good and be a minister," said I.

"Aw, mamma," said he, "there's no money in that."

MRS. H. BAZLEY.
No. 8 Foster street, Everett.

G. WASHINGTON, PIE MAN

When my nephew, Eugene F. Sweeney, was two years and a half old I asked him if he knew who was the father of this country. He said, "No." I told him it was George Washington.

"Who, the man that makes the pies?" (Meaning Washington pies.)

J. J. PERRY.
Fairhaven.

DUST AS DOOD

My little brother Everett, at the age of three and a half years, was sitting beside my mother listening to stories of George Washington and his truthfulness, when all of a sudden he exclaimed:

"I am dust as dood as he ever was, twas he couldn't lie, and I'm tell lies, but I won't, will I, ma?"

LIDA O'BRIEN.
No. 747 Shawmut avenue, Roxbury.

COLUMBIA "JAMMED"

Leroy, the other day, came in from play, singing:

"Oh, Columbia's jammed in the ocean."

MRS. WILLIAMS.
No. 78 West Concord street.

LET'S ALL LAUGH TOGETHER

Of course you enjoy these Bright Sayings. Everybody does. All Greater Boston is charmed with them. You cannot afford to miss next Sunday's Boston American. There'll be a whole page of them, with pictures of prize winners

What Is Extravagance in Dress for Women?

By Edward Atkinson

(FROM THE INDEPENDENT)

I HAPPENED to be asked by the Hebrew Women's Association of Boston to put before them the facts and figures proving that women occupied in pursuits that require a certain standard of dwelling place, of dress and food rather above that of women occupied in manual and mechanical pursuits, might secure these necessities of life in this city at an annual cost of from $250 to $300 each. If there could be found three or more women who would co-operate and share and share alike in the necessary work.

I put before the association the different facts in the cost of living, rating the cost of clothing computed on a period of four years at a minimum of $200, or $65 a year, or at a more reasonable estimate of $340, or $85 a year, stating how the extreme economy of $65 could be attained.

The statement, limited to an estimate of only $65, without the context, has not caused a good deal of discussion, much criticism, and has brought out a good deal of sustaining evidence.

The only reason why men probably spend less than women on dress is due to the fact that it is not good form for a man to become conspicuous in his dress, while in some classes of society the more conspicuous a woman becomes by the use of color and texture the more well dressed she is assumed to be.

This may be true if she knows how to dress in good taste, but quite the reverse when a woman without taste becomes conspicuous for the extravagance of her dress and her display of jewelry, which often creates a doubt in the mind of men whether she belongs to the beau-monde or the demi-monde.

Men suffer from a serious disability in being deprived the use of colors. In this, as in many other directions, the time has come to enjoy men's rights in the suppression of men's rights and equal opportunities.

What man has not a craving for color? What better evidence of this desire to decorate themselves in colors than is found in the regalia of the Masons, the Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and other such bodies. If men were not shackled by conventional rules in dress there anyone doubt that they would be as extravagant as women? Diamond shirt studs, scarf pins and finger rings, vulgar in men, admired often when worn by women—by this discrimination?

Now what is extravagance? I was once asked to give a talk before a woman's club on what constitutes luxury—about as puzzling as the present problem. I took as an example a woman's hat. The object of a hat is to cover and protect the head from exposure to weather, the bonnets of the women belonging to the Salvation Army meeting these conditions perfectly.

Why not take off the letters, leave the blue ribbon, and then you have an absolute standard of a useful hat. Why not anything beyond this a luxury? I can find no logical reply to this question.

If a woman can clothe herself in comfort, making a good appearance, suitable to the vocations that I have named, at a cost we will say of $80 a year (a standard easily attained), is not any expenditure beyond that sum an extravagance? What logical reply can be made to this question?

What, then, is extravagance in women's dress? The only logical reply is by the standard of the bonnet of the woman of the Salvation Army. If the money saving of money is the object of living and is not compulsory. But this standard may only be solved consistently with the comprehension of the true motive of life of each woman and correlatively of each man.

The ignorant rich of vulgar sin will flaunt the finery in personal display, not only in dress, but in all the nets of life, preferring to put their surplus in luxuries and the poor, who, in their effort to emulate them, waste their substance in tawdry finery of the same type and not less vulgar than the costly finery of the ignorant rich.

The paradox comes in at this point. The women who possess the intelligence and faculty to supply their wants at this low cost in money, may be assured by the application of the same intelligence and faculty to supply so large an income that they will not be compelled to practice such close economy in the cost of living unless others are dependent upon them.

On the other hand, those who need to practice intelligent economy the most add to supply the strongest rule for the cost of living because of their small earnings, have not the faculty or the desire to put the best of their limited incomes. If they had they would be able to earn more.

There is more need of instruction in spending than in saving money, not only among the poor, but among the prosperous. Is not this one of the facts and figures were put before the Hebrew Association.

SCARLET LIES

By X and Z, Authors of Married to Mystery

CHAPTER LIV.—Continued.

"STEPHEN," she said, "will you grant me a favor?"

"If it is possible," he answered cautiously.

"Will you make me a solemn promise?"

"I must know first what it is," he said evasively.

"Promise me, then, that you will do nothing for a week—that you will live your life, just as you are doing—"

"No, no," he said bitterly. "You are asking me to promise you something that I cannot perform."

"I ask it," she said defiantly. "It is not much. One week."

"I should be a madman at the end of the week."

"Or a sane man," she could not help saying, but he did not catch her remark.

"Why do you ask?" he said. "What is the good? Every day, every hour I live this mockery of a life I am piling up my great debt."

"I ask it," she said. "Surely a week will make no difference."

"You have yet to tell me why you ask."

"Because I want time to think, to talk to you, to make plans."

He looked at her with surprise.

"Oh, I know you don't understand"—she went on quickly. "But I am not going to let you die. If you must confess the truth, well, I suppose you must; but, dear, I will not make any confession. You are my life. I must look after you. You must ask two of three people down here, and you must ask Mrs. Vickers and me. We will be losing an opportunity of talking them, if I must know exactly what you are going to do, and how you are going to do it. Don't you understand? Will you promise me, Stephen?"

"I can see no good in it," he retorted doggedly. "My mind is finally and irrevocably made up."

The woman's fine eyes glistened, her red lips twitched. She must play her last card.

"Stephen," she said softly, "suppose I made a promise?"

"Well?"

He looked at her eagerly. She had always exercised an almost mesmeric attraction over him.

"Suppose I choose to—"

Sacrifice Myself?"

"How, and for whom?"

"For you. I mean, suppose I bring Mary back to your life?"

Her card told. The man's pale cheeks flushed. He sat bolt upright.

"Could you?" he breathed.

"I think I could."

"How?"

"Ah, you must leave that to me! But tell me, would it not make your self-imposed exile more bearable if you shared it with her?"

"Judith, what are you saying?"

"Trust me, Stephen, will you? And promise me what I ask. You shall see that I am not such a bad woman, after all, and that my love is strong enough to make a great sacrifice. I should give you up forever; but I should at least have the satisfaction of knowing that you, dear Stephen, were happy. Will you promise?"

"Yes," he said.

She drew in a long, deep, shuddering breath of relief.

"Thank you!" she said in a choked voice, and again gave vent to an artistic fit of silent weeping.

"You and Mrs. Vickers will stay at the house tonight, of course?" said Stephen.

"I can telephone to the hotel and send the fly back."

"And to-morrow," she said, "you will ask a few people over?"

"Yes, if you wish."

"The Armstrongs go to Armstrong Towers to-morrow," she said. "You must not forget that."

Stephen winced.

"Remember," he said sombrely, "I have promised to wait a week—a week only, and I mean to be steadfast. Don't drive me to break my promise, Judith

MID-WEEK NEWS OF THE THEATRES

Old Favorites and Novelties Attract Good-Sized Audiences.

FEW CHANGES NEXT WEEK

Majestic Theatre

The new "Florodora" has caught on at the Majestic, and is being given nightly to crowded houses. The "Pretty Maidens" secret is just as attractive as ever, and perhaps more so, while the garland dance is one of the prettiest things seen on stage a day. The cast is one of the best this tuneful musical comedy has ever had, and the presentation is notable for its beauty and elaborateness.

Hollis Street Theatre.

George M. Cohan and "Little Johnny Jones" have made a hit at the Hollis Street Theatre. The show is one of the liveliest that has been seen here this season. There is something always happening, and one musical number follows another in rapid succession. It is full of bright lines, and there are plenty of clever comedians to speak them.

Tremont Theatre.

"Woodland" left very pleasant memories behind when it departed from Boston last August, and has found its old popularity awaiting it on its return to the Tremont Theatre. It is the same pretty show, with the same attractive melodies and almost the same company as on its long visit last year.

Boston Theatre.

The Boston Theatre will reopen next Monday night with "It Happened in Nordland" as the attraction and Lew Fields and Marie Cahill as the stars. "It Happened in Nordland" has been one of the most successful shows of the year in New York. It was staged by Julian Mitchell, who put on "Babes in Toyland" and "The Wizard of Oz."

Globe Theatre.

"Arizona" is proving once more a popular attraction at the Globe. It has been played for quite a number of seasons now, but it is as good a play as it ever was, which means that it is one of the best of recent years. It is well acted by the present company, and the presentation is a careful one. Next week comes "The Seminary Girl."

Keith's Theatre.

Nate Leipzig, who is one of the star entertainers in the Keith show this week, is one of the most skilful manipulators of cards, coins and billiard balls that has ever appeared in this city. Lillian Shaw, one of the most talented vocal comediennes in the varieties, is scheduled to appear at Keith's next week.

Empire Theatre.

There are many pleasing things in the show at the Empire this week. Jessie Millward, in "The Queen's Messenger," is the star feature, and gives a clever performance, but the bill is mostly made up of straight vaudeville numbers. Among the leading entertainers are Eddie Clark, the La Teil brothers, Jime Mantelli and Ford and Lichme and their "daisy girls."

Grand Opera House.

"A Prisoner of War," which deals of events in the present conflict between Russia and Japan, is pleasing large audiences at the Grand Opera House. "The Smart Set" will be next week's attraction.

Howard Athenaeum.

Gardiner and Vincent have made a hit at the Howard this week in their sketch, "Winning a Queen." Among the other leading features are the Leigh brothers, acrobatic comedians; Roberts, Hayes and Roberts, in a comedy skit; Potter and Hartwell, balancers; and Bailey and Fletcher.

Park Theatre.

Robert Edeson is still attracting large audiences in "Strongheart" at the Park Theatre. He is one of the best-liked actors who has visited Boston this season, and his present part affords him many opportunities than in any play in which he has ever appeared here.

Colonial Theatre.

"Humpty Dumpty," now in the middle of its sixth week at the Colonial Theatre, is still pleasing big audiences. It is one of the most gorgeous spectacles that has ever been staged, and is filled to the brim with attractive music and wholesome fun besides.

Castle Square Theatre.

"Mary of Magdala" is one of the strongest plays that the Castle Square Theatre has offered its patrons this season, and is excellently played. Next week the stock company will present "Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall."

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

"Country Lanes and City Pavements" is proving a popular attraction at the Bowdoin Square Theatre. Next week, Jay Hunt's "Hearts of Gold" will be given.

Lyceum Theatre.

The Trans-Atlantic Burlesquers have made a hit at the Lyceum with "The Pirates of Panama." They give a good show and one that has pleased the patrons of the house.

Columbia Music Hall.

The Mormon Queens Burlesquers have made good at the Columbia. They give two lively burlesques and the olio is an excellent one.

Palace Theatre.

Rice and Barton's extravaganza company is giving a show of the popular type at the Palace this week. Charles Barton is an entertaining comedian and is well supported.

Austin & Stone's Museum.

There is no let up yet in the interest displayed by the patrons of Austin & Stone's Museum in Abbot Parker. Those who lost a picture of the crucifixion photographed on his back by a stroke of lightning. He is one of the biggest cards the museum has ever had, and this week's show comprises many other good features as well.

MASTER BARBERS OF BOSTON ORGANIZE

Master barbers of Boston and vicinity met in room 448, in the South Boston building, last evening and organized the Master Barbers' Association. The officers elected were: President, Julius A. Serra; vice-president, John H. Powers; secretary, John F. Thibotis; treasurer, Rens Spanos, and an executive committee consisting of Charles Stemler, C. Henry Hetu, Robert Young, Joseph G. Rinaldo and N. S. Martineau.

The association is formed with the object of promoting the social and financial welfare of its members and of the craft generally.

FORE RIVER CO. GETS JOB.

Secretary of the Navy Morton has approved the construction board's recommendations that the Fore River Shipbuilding Company be given contracts for building two scout ships of the cruiser type.

PLANNING CAMPAIGN FOR MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

Committee Agrees That First Move Should Be Against the Gas Trust.

Work of Organization Will Cover Every City and Town in the State.

ITS SUCCESS THE BEST ARGUMENT IN ITS FAVOR

Under public ownership the lobby and its agents now maintained by public service corporations at the halls of legislation would be destroyed, and some of the corporation counsel would secure greater leisure to properly study and understand public questions in relation to the public.

The strongest argument in favor of municipal ownership is that it has been universally successful wherever tried, whether in this country or abroad.

WILLIAM N. OSGOOD,
President Massachusetts Democratic League.

A tentative plan for the public ownership campaign in this State has been prepared by the committee appointed at the mass meeting of citizens held in Arcade Hall, No. 7 Park Square, last Sunday. The plan was discussed at the first meeting of the committee held in the office of Dr. E. S. Taylor, No. 176 Federal street. The ground will be gone over again at another meeting of the committee to be held next Saturday night, and a final report will be prepared for adoption at a second mass meeting to be held in Arcade Hall on Sunday.

The plan prepared is a rough outline of the work to be accomplished. In general, it is proposed to reach into every city and town in the State and arouse the citizens to a greater interest in public ownership by impressing upon them the benefits to be derived by the public at large, and especially the workingmen, from public control and operation of all enterprises depending upon a public franchise. It is not intended to interfere in those fields of industry and enterprise where private competition is possible and unhindered by monopolies.

Four Points Discussed.

Four points were discussed by the committee. The first was an appropriate name for the State organization, which will have subsidiary bodies in each town and city. While the name "Public Ownership League of Massachusetts" met with general approval, the matter will not be finally passed upon until next Saturday's meeting.

The second point was the scope of the organization which, it was generally agreed, should be as outlined above, and third, the plan of campaign, which will be gone over more thoroughly at the next meeting.

Finally the monopoly to be first attacked was considered. The sentiment of the committee was unanimous in favor of recommending the municipal control and operation of gas plants as the first step. It is agreed that the recent disclosures before the legislative committees and the State Gas and Electric Light Commission had placed the public mind in a receptive state for consideration of the municipalization of the gas companies. This recommendation will no doubt be contained in the final report of the committee.

The committee was anxious in asking public at this time further details of the meeting. To a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, Chairman E. C. Marshall said:

"We are in earnest in this work. We do not think it would be proper to discuss the details of our plans until they are completed. They will be presented at the mass meeting in Arcade Hall on Sunday, and, as they are subject to change by that body, it is preferable that they should not be sent abroad until their final adoption by the meeting."

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP HAS BEEN SUCCESS IN TOWN OF WESTFIELD

WESTFIELD, Mass., April 27.—In view of the agitation for the public ownership of gas plants and other public utilities, the experience of this town since it assumed control and operation of the gas and electric lighting plants, is a timely illustration of the success of municipal ownership. After seven years, the people are satisfied, and a comparison with twelve other towns in the state of about the same population and gas consumption shows that the Westfield rates are below the average. The population of the town is 12,310, and the annual profits from the operation of the gas plant are between $2,000 and $3,000. A reduction in the price of gas to consumers is now being talked of as a result of the successful operation of the plant.

Results of First Meeting for Municipal Ownership

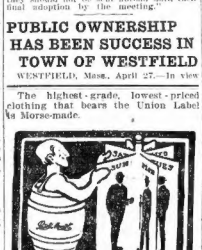
Name of organization—General sentiment in favor of "The Public Ownership League of Massachusetts."

Scope of organization—To reach into every city and town in the State, advocating the public ownership of public utilities; not to interfere with business where private competition is possible and unhindered by monopolies.

Plan of campaign—To be finally agreed upon at a second meeting to be held Saturday night.

Monopoly to be first attacked—Unanimously agreed that the time is ripe for municipal control of gas plants.

The highest-grade, lowest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.



There are lots of men who feel disinclined to wear the same clothes day after day.

They find that with the aid of extra trousers, or a fancy vest or two, they can give to their attire the desired variety at a small outlay.

It is in recognition of these facts that we devote so much attention to our stock of separate trousers and fancy vests, the former being priced from $2.50 up to $8.00—the latter, $1.00 to $4.50.

Everything That Men and Boys Wear.

Copyright Morse-Ho

Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Lunch-Made Clothing.
Washington and Brattle Streets.

DEATHS.

ROBBINS—In Arlington, April 26, Otis Robbins, aged 83 years.

Friends are invited to funeral services, at his late residence, Saturday, April 29, at 2:30 p. m. Burial private.

BIG WEDDING AT FALL RIVER

Society Gathers at Nuptials of Treasurer Borden's Daughter and Banker Gardner.

Special to the Boston American.

FALL RIVER, April 27.—Society folk of prominence, beauty and wealth attended the wedding of Miss Nellie Louise Borden, daughter of Richard B. Borden, treasurer of the Troy Mills and of the Richard Borden Mills, of Fall River, and stockholder in many others, and Clifford Manning Gardner, assistant cashier of the Massasoit Pocasset National Bank, of Fall River.

The Rev. Lawrence B. Swift performed the ceremony at the Central Congregational Church, where the ceremony was elaborate. Prominent persons were present from the New England and Middle States.

Miss Elizabeth M. Borden, sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and her bridesmaids were Miss Margaret Bassett and Miss Ruth L. Gardner, a sister of the groom. The best man was J. Willard Gardner, brother of the groom. The others were John F. Stanford, James W. Anthony, Edward B. Lovell, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., of New York, son of the former Secretary of the Interior, who is an uncle of the bride, Charles N. Borden and Richard P. Borden, a brother of the bride.

MANY SAIL ON ARABIC TO-DAY

When the big White Star liner Arabic sails for Liverpool to-day on her maiden trip from this port, she will have on board one of the largest saloon and second cabin passenger lists that has left this port for months. In the saloon will be representatives of fifteen States, including a number of prominent Bostonians bound for the Continent.

Among the saloon passengers are General and Mrs. Thomas F. Barr, of Boston; Mr. Carl Dreyfus, who is going to meet his wife, who has been on the Continent for the past month with her father, A. Shuisman; Mr. John Wylde, a well-known steamship man, and his family; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Downing, of Boston; Mr. E. D. Kent and family, of Kansas City; Mrs. Manning Emery and son, of Cambridge, and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Maynard, of Dedham.

The Arabic is scheduled to sail at 5 o'clock.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
POPULAR PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED
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May 3, 1905. Last of the Season.
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Eight-day trip, May 3, 1905.
Rate, from Boston, $27.00.
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TONIGHT at 7:45—Sixth Week
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Mats. Wednesday & Saturday at 2
Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

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ISAAC B. RICH.....Proprietor and Manager
LAST WEEK
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The Xmas Double Comedians.
Geo. M. Cohan
And His Company of 100 People in the Season's Funniest, Brightest and Phenomenally Successful Play.
Little Johnny Jones
Prices—1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 35

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A PRISONER OF WAR
Russian-Japanese Conflict.
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All Boston is Discussing It!
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If you want to buy or sell your business. If you have any special want, you can supply it through the classified columns of the
Sunday American

1 DEAD, 4 DYING BY EXPLOSION

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—One man was killed and eleven others injured by an explosion of dynamite at Downington last evening. Four of the injured will die. The men were working on a new low grade freight line for the Pennsylvania railroad. A blast exploded prematurely.

The man who was killed outright was literally blown to pieces.

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Harvard Beer

as bottled at the brewery. Our $1,000 guarantee of Purity on every bottle is a further indorsement of the healthfulness of Harvard beer.

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SHEET MUSIC
A SPECIAL OFFER.
Witmark's Famous (25c Postpaid) Dance Folio
This Book Consists of 24 Excellent Compositions by Eminent Composers.

We are offering to our patrons this week a music folio that should particularly appeal to them; that is, from a musical point of view, as this book contains 24 of the finest as well as the most meritorious compositions published, and all for 25 cents, postpaid.

We give you below a few of the musical gems contained in this folio:

"The Message of the Violets," the song HIT of "The Prince of Pilsen," arranged as a waltz; "Good-bye, Little Girl, Good-bye," the great march song HIT of the country, arranged as a two-step; "You're the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adeline," the beautiful ballad that has met with such universal favor, arranged as a waltz, as well as "Just Because You Were an Old Sweetheart of Mine," "I'm Glad I'm On the Water Wagon Now," "Tessie," "You Are the Only, Only, Only," and many other splendid numbers.

It is a treat to get for the small sum of 25 cents, postpaid, a folio of such exceptional merit,

AND

the following latest vocal and instrumental successes of the season published:

AT 17c Per Copy or Any 3 for Send two cents for our complete catalogue containing all the popular vocal and instrumental music published. 50 Cents Postpaid

Vocal.

Farewell, Sweetheart May. (Chas. K. Harris' latest and greatest success.)
In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree.
I Will Meet You at the Crossroads, Nellie Dear. (By writer of "You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.")
Sylvia. (Song hit from Lew Dockstader's Minstrels.)
Just Across the Bridge of Gold. (Sensational descriptive hit by composer of "The Maiden of Arling Heatrs.")
When the Harvest Moon Is Shining on the River. (Big song hit from the Dockstader Minstrels.)
I Only Ask Remember Me.
Alone in This Wide World, Alone.
The Man with the Ladder and the Hose. (Great Brennan song.)
I Am Going to Leave You. (By writer of "Good-bye, My Lady Love.")
Meet Me in St. Louis, Louis.
Mamma's Boy.
You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.
My Heart's in Tonight in Tennessee. (By writer of "The Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold.")
Why Don't They Play with Me?
I'm Trying so Hard to Forget You. (By Chas. K. Harris.)
Nobody But You.
Twilight Song.

Instrumental.

Bouquet of Roses (splendid set of waltzes).
The Troubadour (two-step intermezzo by composer of "The Gondolier").
A String of Pearls (pretty teaching piece).
An Easter Emblem.
Kountown Koffee Klatsch. (March and two-step.)
Princess Royal Schottische.
Kentucky Belles (Two-step).
Cornfield Capers. (By Every Von Tilzer.)
Violets and Roses. (Flower song.)
Star of the Sea (Vocal or Instrumental).
Simple Life (Valse lente).
Hazel Blossoms (Reverie).
At Sundown (Reverie).

Vocal.

Blue Waltz by the Deep Blue Sea. (By the composer of "Blue Bell.")
Violets, Sweet Violets.
Go On and Coax Me. (By Harry Von Tilzer.)
Please Come and Play in My Yard.
Sweet Sana-oo. (From "The School Girl.")
Tell Me That Beautiful Story. (By composer of "Teasing.")
Back, Back to Baltimore. (Coon song hit.)
Shame On You. (Low Dockstader's big hit.)
Blue Bell.
Where the Mocking Birds Were Singing.
How Can I Forget You, Dreaming of You All the While?
Since I Learned to Love You.
Just An Old Sweetheart of Mine.
Take Me Back to My Own Little Home, Sweet Home.
On the Farm in Old Missouri.
When I Come Home, Sweetheart.
Forgive. (Good sentimental ballad.)
When the Bees Are in the Hive.
The Girl Who Cares For Me. (By writer of "Good-bye, Little Girl, Good-bye.")
Why Don't They Play with Me?
My Love I Dare Not Tell. (Song hit from "The Medal and the Maid.")
Down Where the Suwanee River Flows.
We're Out For a Jolly Good Time.

Instrumental.

A Trip to Niagara March. (One of the prettiest marches published. Over 70,000 copies sold up to date.)
Love's Garden. (Beautiful set of waltzes.)
Dream of Madrid. (Spanish waltzes by Paul Rubens.)
Intermezzo Unique.)
An Autumn Wooing.
A Spring of Shillelah. (By composer of "A Bit o' Blarney.")
Dance of the Zephyrs. (Rehotische caprice.)
Falling Leaves. (Intermezzo.)
Laces and Graces. (By composer of "Cozy Corner.")
Parwila. (Blended melodies from the opera.)
Gondolier. (Two-step.)

Vocal.

Keep a Little Cozy Corner in Your Heart for Me. (By the composer of "I've Got a Feeling for You.")
I'm Going to Meet Birdie Tonight.
Waiting With the Girl You Love. (The latest success by the writer of "Come Take a Trip in My Airship.")
Every Little Bit Helps. (Great coon song.)
Somebody's Waiting for Me.
Sunday Morning When the Church Bells Ring.
Way Down East Among the Shady Maple Trees.
I've Got a Feelin' For You.
Come Take a Trip in My Airship.
Abrahiam. (Late coon song hit by Harry Von Tilzer.)
You're the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adeline.
Good-bye, Little Girl, Good-bye.
When the Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold.
Don't Cry, Katie, Dear.
Good Night, Beloved, Good Night.
When the Frost Is on the Pumpkin, Maggie Dear. (By composer of "When the Harvest Days Are Over.")
There's a Dark Man Coming With a Banjo. (Low Dockstader's big hit.)
In the City of Sighs and Tears.
The Little Rustic Cottage by the Stream. (Beautiful rustic ballad.)

Instrumental.

College Life. (March.)
A Gay Deceiver. (March and two-step.)
Polly Primrose March. (Vocal or instrumental.)
Reminding Me of You Glomming. (Reverie by Charles D. Blake.)
A Summer Idyl. (One set of waltzes).
Morning Flowers. (Gavotte.)
The Bashful Bachelor. (Two-step.)
The Padishah. (Persian march.)
Romana. (Waltz.)
Uncle Sammy. (March. Vocal or instrumental.)
Girlhood Days. (Three-step.)
A Princeton Tiger. (March and two-step.)
Bashful Betty. (Two-step.)
Sifted Sweetness. (Waltzes.)

Remit in draft or money order on New York, or in U. S. postage stamps in good condition.

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EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** THURSDAY, APRIL 27

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, APRIL 27, 1905.

The Clumsy Law, Nan Patterson and Other Criminals

She Is Only One of an Army Whose Lives Have Been Wrecked by the Race Track Gambling Fetis

It takes a special squad of police to keep the crowd back that would otherwise swamp the courtroom in which the slow, stumbling law is endeavoring to mete out justice to a young woman who is charged with killing a man.

Before she was accused of shooting "Caesar" Young, Nan Patterson might have walked Broadway from the Battery to the Bronx and not one man or woman in all the mob that sought to beg or force their way through the cordon of policemen yesterday would have turned to look at her.

What makes the difference?

Those who succeeded in gaining inside the guarded door, though their clothes were almost torn from their backs in the effort, were as delighted as if they had attained a fortune, and what did they see?

An ordinary young woman, of an unpleasant type, with a thick throat and sulky eyes, and a serious, stern young lawyer, who stormed at her and brandished the great club of the LAW over her head.

By and by another lawyer will rise and try to free her by shouting in a different key. The prosecutor, half inspired by his duty and half inspired by his desire to show the world how well he can talk, and the defender, half inspired by his fee and half inspired by the distinction that getting this girl out of jail would bring him—the proportions of this inspiration may be wrong, but it is certain that vanity and selfishness have at least as equal part with higher motives in the result—illustrate the clumsy way in which we settle the question of guilt or innocence. The lawyers and the girl are the actors to see whom men and women scramble over each other.

If Nan Patterson breaks down and cries, or if her theatrical instinct triumphs over her dread and she causes a "scene," the people who witness it will feel that the performance is worth even more than the trouble and discomfort it cost them to get there.

It is all wrong, of course. When we are a little more civilized a trial will not be a spectacle. Like an execution, it will be decently done in the presence of only enough witnesses to insure that it is all done as our laws order.

The spectators at the Nan Patterson trial see the drama of the law and are thrilled by the incidents of it, but the larger number of them are totally oblivious to the wider meaning of it all.

It is the oldest lesson of the world that is taught there—the lesson that punishment as surely follows wrongdoing as that night follows day.

Nan Patterson doomed herself to what she is now going through long before the shot was fired that killed Young. The bookmaker sentenced himself to death before he ever met this woman. Both cynically chose the life in which goodness is sneered at and virtue is a joke. The man thought it was a fine thing to get the money of the fools who bet against him at the race track; the woman thought it was splendid to share this money and look brazenly in the face of the world whose laws of morality she was defying.

Neither of them had sense enough to see that they had given up all that was worth having for the applause of the thieves and outcasts of the race track circle.

And the outcome was this squalid tragedy. The man became a drunkard naturally, and in a whiskey delirium died—whether by his own hand or by that of the woman who trod the miry way with him is of only incidental account. The spirit that moved that hand, whether it was the man's or the woman's, was the spirit of the gambling pen at the track.

Guiltier than Nan Patterson can be are the men who, to gratify their own greed or feed their own vanity, maintain the race tracks as gambling hells. They draw tribute from the "Caesar" Youngs, who are their agents in filling the jails with the men of whom they make thieves. They share the crime-stained plunder of the bookmakers, and beside Nan Patterson, as part of the shameful spectacle in the court, should stand the "gentlemen" who, from the steps of the clubhouse now watch the making of other "Caesar" Youngs and Nan Patterons.

Little Editorials from the People

TEAR THE MUZZLE FROM THE PRESS

W. R. Hearst, Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In connection with your showing up, with the Springfield Republican, certain matter relative to the gas conspiracy, I believe you are in the line of advanced thought which has had a place in my mind for the past year—"the framing of laws which will allow of conviction on possession of a publisher who wilfully publishes matter intended to deceive the general public."

I do hope Massachusetts will take the lead in this reforming of false newspaperdom, for I find the country over is being misled by a lot of cheap publishers or papers owned by corporations whose sole object is to obtain money from the people who "do not know."

Those lying scoundrels who control the press or own the same should be made amenable, and I pray for the day when as a printer I may take the position of prosecuting witness against any citizen(s) have known to exist in every State in the United States and almost every city. This is not the first time I have known the Springfield Republican to take the position it has in the gas controversy. I know it to take a similar stand toward some crooked lawyers twenty years ago and have since followed the paper closely.

I want to compliment Mr. Hearst's papers in Chicago. When I left there I felt they were in a way which was for in advance of the age—in the day to be hoped for. I realized what the paper had for capital—only the principle of "right." As you were successful in Chicago, may you be in this matter of securing a law against the publisher who publishes misleading news, ads or other matter.

W. T. McCLAIN.

No. 461 Massachusetts avenue.

SHOULD WORK TOGETHER TO HALT ADULTERATIONS

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In all the news as well as editorial columns of the daily papers the adulteration of foods, drink and medicines has played quite a prominent part lately, but only the surface of this vital issue has been scratched.

A deeper insight will reveal a startling state of affairs.

When a number of houses tumble down we know that adulterated cement, mortar and other poor material are to blame; when certain diseases appear in epidemic form physicians will tell us that shoddy clothing from the sweatshops or unhealthy well paint are the cause of it; but who will tell us when adulterated foods, medicines and drugs are undermining our health, and slowly but surely poisoning us? Nobody but the press.

Every newspaper reader is more or less familiar with the adulteration of milk, butter, sugar, whiskey, and similar articles of frequent consumption, but he does not know to what extent adulteration is practised.

If it is dangerous to put adulterated substances into the human system when the same is healthy and purely able to withstand their evil effects, how much more dangerous to health, and even life, are they when administered when the constitution is weakened by illness.

EDWARD THIMME.

A PASTOR'S INDORSEMENT

W. R. Hearst, Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Your editorial on "Poor Herod" in the AMERICAN of April 22 is good, and I indorse it. Apply the same sort of reasoning to the ruin caused by whiskey and you will join me in being a Prohibitionist. Will you?

REV. CHARLES A. CRANE.

Pastor People's Temple.

IT HAPPENED IN MONKVILLE

Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

"What are you laughing at?"
"That hat of Miss Climber's; she calls it a polo turban."

JOLLIKO THE MONK

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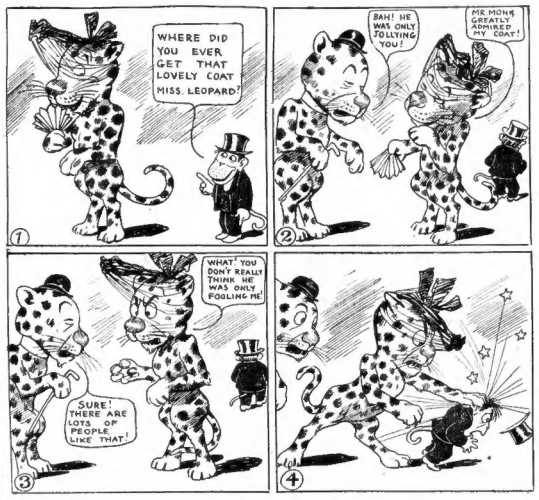
WHERE DID YOU EVER GET THAT LOVELY COAT MISS. LEOPARD?
BAH! HE WAS ONLY TOLLYING YOU!
MR. MONK GREATLY ADMIRED MY COAT!
WHAT! YOU DON'T REALLY THINK HE WAS ONLY FOOLING ME!
SURE! THERE ARE LOTS OF PEOPLE LIKE THAT!
1
2
3
4

MAYBE HE REALLY MEANT IT. WHO KNOWS?

IN BUGVILLE

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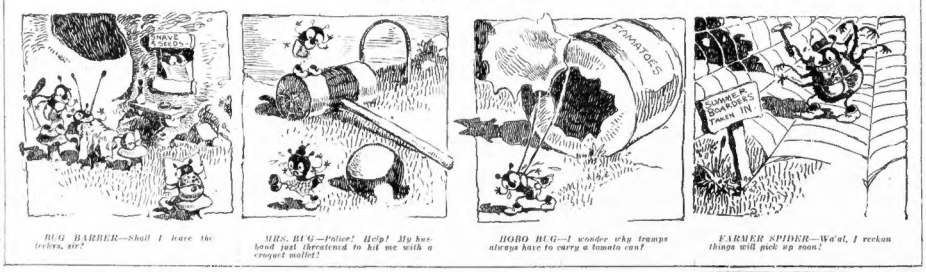

BUG BARBER—Shall I leave the feelers, sir?

MRS. BUG—Police! Help! My husband just threatened to hit me with a croquet mallet!

HOBO BUG—I wonder why tramps always have to carry a tomato can?

FARMER SPIDER—Wa'al, I reckon things will pick up soon!

Shall We Endure a Muzzled Press?

By Rev. Albert E. George

MUST the press be unmuzzled? That is an important question. It is also a timely one considering the late move of the Boston Gas Companies.

It is an important question because the press is a moulder of public opinion. It is also a guardian of the rights of the people. It is to be trusted for these ends. These must be preserved.

When the Boston Gas Companies sought to feather their own nest by paid and illegitimate "dispatches" in the newspapers, they knew they were treading on sacred ground, but they also knew they must do something to defend themselves.

They did not stop to consider the effect, for when a corporation is cornered in a scrape, it will do anything to open a safety valve.

But this is a serious matter, and anything that interferes with the freedom of the press must necessarily be so.

People nowadays are trusting the press to bring about certain reforms. No newspaper has any moral right to play dought with its readers. Such a proceeding will soon leak out. Readers are more sensitive of such trickery than they are credited with.

Barnum could humbug the people with his circus, and the people took it in good turn. They expected it. They enjoyed it. They told you afterward that is why they go to the circus. But even here it went too far, and the modern circus has eliminated in part this feature.

A gas company cannot play the circus trick. This is precisely what the Boston Gas Companies have done. It is an absolute fraud. They have in consequence lowered their standard of fair dealing.

No newspaper can afford to play battledore and shuttlecock with the gas companies. The press must be "without a muzzle and with a mission." It must have for its motto the words of an old dramatist.

"Morality applied to timely action
Keeps our souls in tune,
At whose sweet music, all our actions dance."

We believe the press generally respects such sentiments. It is sometimes caught napping. When it was lately drugged to print illegitimate statements, it fell like Lucifer. It is guilty, it must not do so again.

Every honest newspaper in the country will now be on its guard against the repetition of such an occurrence.

The press only serves the public interests as it is fearless and unspoken. For there is such a thing as the morality of the press.

Prince Kropotkin has lately written about the morality of nature. He has been showing how the animals respect one another's rights. It is refreshing reading after this gas episode.

"Of course," he says, "there are rascals among the animals, the hyena for instance, or the shrewmouse, or the man-eating tiger; but these do not count; they are outlaws."

There are others, Prince Kropotkin.

Be this as it may. The press can ill afford to sell itself for a mess of pottage, and if it is to direct human opinion, it must render such service that will be unquestioned. Anything short of this will cause distrust.

Any action destined to limit the rights of the many for the privileges of a few is tyranny, and will make the moral cellar chafe, whether it is gas or any other commodity.

Man is but a reed, the weakest in nature; but he is a thinking reed.
PASCAL.

Wanted--- Competent People

By Caroline

THERE is no royal road to Success.

But there is something better. There are many roads that lead that way.

It's not because there are not enough roads leading to Success that we don't get there. There are plenty of roads, and they are good ones.

The difficulty is that we don't seem to know which road to choose.

If you can choose your road and stick to it, you have gone a long way toward attaining your end.

The worst of it is that seeing the road other people have chosen isn't going to make your choice any easier, for the road one person has taken isn't necessarily the road for another.

The goal may be reached from many different points.

"If a man can write a better book, preach a better sermon, or make a better mouse trap than his neighbor, though he builds his house in the woods, the world will make a beaten path to his door."

It is not what you do, but the way you do it, that makes the difference between the successful and the unsuccessful person.

Wherever you are working you are bound to succeed if you are doing your work better than any one else could do it. But do be honest with yourself when you say you are doing it just as well as you can.

So many people are doing their work in an incompetent, shiftless way, and are blaming the world because they are not getting on.

Be assured the world hasn't time to bother with incompetent people—even to push them back. It simply goes ahead and leaves the incompetent ones standing still.

The world is moving on, and has need of all the good workers; the people who are doing something may be made useful at every turn.

There is a constant cry for competent people.

And work well done is always in demand.

When Wall Street Fights

By William Hoster

An adage of the olden time that never hung in doubt
Ran, "Honest folk get their deserts when rogues fall out."
So in this modern age of ours we hope to get our rights;
Though now 'tis thus politely put: "When Wall street fights."

It belongs to human nature to hate those you have injured.
TACITUS.

More Little Editorials from the People

THE CARELESS VOTER IS A MENACE TO LIBERTY

W. R. Hearst, Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

I have been reading the AMERICAN for every evening for some time, and I find your editorials especially interesting because they show a real interest in the people. You are doing more to enlighten and help the people than any other paper in existence.

It is very evident that 90 per cent of the voters of to-day after voting do not know what they have cast their votes for, and some of them do not even know for whom they have voted. It is certainly a shame and a disgrace to the country that a few men should be permitted to rob, starve and freeze the people that have elected and placed them as "heads." We shall be as bad as Rome if things are permitted to go on as they have for the past five or six years.

GEORGE H. STUART.

BY ALL MEANS LET'S HAVE FRESH WATER ON TRAINS

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Will you take up editorially the question of compelling the steam roads to provide water for drinking purposes in each passenger coach in use upon their suburban lines? Trains between Boston and New York are looked after carefully. Why is not a person who pays from $50 to $100 per year for suburban transportation entitled to the same treatment as the passenger who spends less than $20 per year between Boston and New York?

It is a well-known fact that upon the Braintree and Boston service the water tanks are either empty or contain stale or stagnant water. It is only by the courtesy and thoughtfulness of the conductors and trainmen in warning passengers that serious illness is often averted.

I would suggest a card rack on front of each tank, in which a card bearing date and number of engine filling tank be placed each day. This implies no hardship, and but little expense to the road, and certainly adds to the comfort and health of its patrons, to which they are by right justly entitled.

DAILY PASSENGER.

Boston.